INDEX

	<u>Page</u>
Article IPurpose	1
Article IIMission and Goals of the Morehouse School of Medicine, Inc	2
Article IIIPolicy	
Article IVFaculty Assembly Section 1Purposes Section 2Membership Section 3Organization Section 4Elections Section 5Meetings Section 6Meeting Agenda	
Article VAcademic Policy Council Section 1Authority Section 2Organization Section 3Responsibilities Section 4Committees Section 5Meetings	
Article VIOrganization of School	
Article VIIThe Professorate Section 1Faculty Section 2Series Section 3Primary, Secondary, Transfer Appointment and Promotion	
Section 4Requirements for Facultippointment and Promotion	

	VIIIAcademic Freedom, Faculty Gievance, Just Cause and Due Process 29 Section 1Academic Freedom	
	Section 2Faculty Grievance	
	Section 3Just Cause	
	Section 4Due Process	
	IXAcademic Titles without Faculty Status	
	Section 1Visiting Scholar	
	Section 2Associate and Assistant	
	Section 3Research Scholar	
Article	X Amendments	
	Section 1Procedure	
	Section 2Approval by Board of Trustees	
	Section 3Appendices to the Bylaws	
Article	XIAdoption of Bylaws	34

APPENDICES TO THE BYLAWS OF THE FACULTY

(Which Comprise the Regulation of The Morehouse School of Medicine)

Appendix I The Maintenance of High Ethication and The Conduct of Research

(Approved July 1, 1983)

(Updated December 12, 1989)

Name change to Research Integritying of or Responding to Allegations of

Scientific Misconduct (Updated July, 2005)

Appendix II International Program Activities

(Approved March 21, 1986)

Appendix III Due Process Procedure to Govletearing for Faculty Prior to Censure or

Dismissal for Just Cause

(Approved November 20, 1986)

(Updated May 28, 1998)

Appendix IV Institutional Policy on Faculty Sabbatical Leave

(Approved August 18, 1988) (Updated November 20, 2003)

Appendix V Procedure to be used where Wifty Member has an Unresolved Grievance

(Approved July 27, 1989) (Updated May 28, 1998)

Appendix VI Policy Statement ora Eulty-Industry Research Relations

Invention Disclosure Form (Approved June 22, 1989)

Appendix VII Patent Policy

(Approved June 22, 1989) (Updated September 2004)

Related forms: Confidentiality form Invention Disclosure form

Appendix VIII Intellectual Property: Copyright and Royalties

(Approved June 22, 1989) (Updated December 1, 2003)

Related forms: Materials Transfer Agreement

Appendix IX Involvement of Faculty in New Policies

(Approved November 21, 1991)

Appendix X Policy for Integrity and the Respitorie Conduct of Scholarship and Research:

Guidelines to Encourage Roccassible Research Practices

(Approved May 27, 1993)

Appendix XI Faculty Appointment and Protion Process and Policies as Approved by the

Board of Trustees

(Approved April 4, 1997) (Updated October 28, 1999) (Updated April 9, 2003) (Updated April, 2007)

Appendix XII Policy for the Transfer of Grants/Equipment

(Approved December 18, 1997)

Appendix XIII Relocation Expenses

(Approved October 22, 1998)

Appendix XIV Teacher/Learner Relationship

(Approved May 25, 2000)

Appendix XV Blood Borne Pathogens

(Approved March 22, 2001)

Appendix XVI Impaired Faculty

(Approved April 26, 2001) (Updated January 07, 2005)

Appendix XVII Educational Use of Copyrighted Works

Appendix XVIII Licensure Policy

(Approved January, 2007)

ARTICLE II

MISSION AND GOALS OF THE MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, INC.

Mission

Morehouse School of Medicine is dedicated into proving the healthand well-being of individuals and communities; inexasing the diversity of the helpalprofessional and scientific workforce; and addressing primary healthcaeeds through programs in education, research, and service, with emphasis on pleopf color and the underserved an and rurapopulations in Georgia and the nation.

The Mission stated above is accomplished through the current Strategic Plan.

ARTICLE III

POLICY

<u>Preamble</u>

A uniform mechanism for the development amplementation of academic policy is hereby established.

Section 1--Definition of Policy

Policy shall mean a definite course or methodaofion that serves to guide and determine faculty governance.

Section 2--Development of and Change in Policy

Policy recommendations may arise from several sees. These include the various departments in the basic and clinical science, the faculty assembly, the committees of the academic policy council, the academic policy council (PAC), the dean, and the president.

Section 3--Establishment of Policy

All academic policy recommendations, wheth they come from committees or from the administration, shall be reviewed and acted upoth by APC. If necessary, policy actions of the APC shall be referred by the president to Broard of Trustees for eview and decision.

Section 4--Implementation of Policy

Once established, academic policy shall be implemented through the office of the dean. It shall be the responsibility of all departments, offices mmittees, and memberstoe faculty to carry out and enforce said policy.

Section 5--Involvement of Faculty in New Policies

When a new policy that is withithe jurisdiction of the APC itso be presentetor adoption, it shall be delivered to all membered staff of the APC in the fortof a proposal at least 20 days in advance of the APC meetinghen it is to be discussed.

Each chairperson shall hold apaletmental meeting to discuss the proposed policy and shall integrate the findings of such meeting the discussion held by the APC.

ARTICLE IV

FACULTY ASSEMBLY

Section 1--Purpose

- A. To establish a forum to promotemmunication within the faculty.
- B. To enable faculty members trarticipate in the developent and evaluation of academic policies and make recommendates to the dean or APC.
- C. To respond to such matters as **rba**yreferred by the dean or APC.
- D. To initiate discussion concerning any mattertaining to the academic life of MSM.
- E. To help create, maintain and protect accademic environment conducive to growth of scholarship, teaching, and service, accepted for human rights and dignity.

Section 2--Membership

All individuals holding a faculty rank as shown be shall be members of the faculty assembly with vote:

A. Series I Faculty FULL-TIME

Professor Associate Professor Assistant Professor Instructor

B. Series II Faculty
FULL-TIME OR SALARIED FOR 50% TIME OR MORE

Professor of Clinical Associate Professor of Clinical Assistant Professor of Clinical Instructor of Clinical

Research Professor Research Associate Professor Research Assistant Professor Research Instructor

C. Series III Faculty VOLUNTARY OR SALARIED FOR LESS THAN 50% TIME

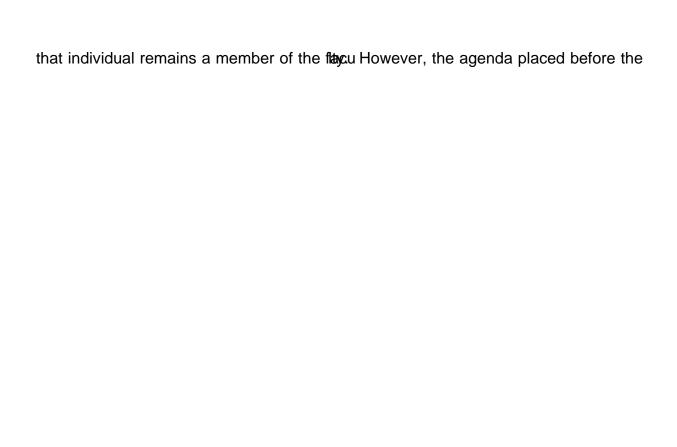
Adjunct Clinical Professor Adjunct Clinical Associate Professor Adjunct Clinical Assistant Professor Adjunct Clinical Instructor

Adjunct Professor Adjunct Associate Professor Adjunct Assistant Professor Adjunct Instructor

D. Emeritus

Section 3--Organization

- A. The chairperson shall preside at meetingtheffaculty assembly. In the absence of the chairperson, the chairperson-elect shall preside. The chairperson-elect will assume the office of the chairperson for the following are At the first election, there will be an election for chairperson and chairpersonet thereafter, the assembly shall elect chairperson-elect only for one are term. The dean cannot be elected as the chairperson of the faculty assembly.
- B. A secretary, who shall be elected by the **faycassembly**, shall serve for a term of two years and may be re-elected for only one **tandal** consecutive term. The secretary shall prepare the minutes of each **thing** of the faculty assembly. The office of the dean shall support the activities of the secretary as requested, list irrulate the minutes, and shall send out notices of meetings and agenda items in a timely fashion.
- C. The faculty assembly shall elect two of intermbers who are not chairpersons but hold appointment in a basic medical science depart and two of its members who are not chairpersons but hold appointment in a cliniscalence department to serve on the APC. The term of office shall be for two years d individuals may be elected for only one additional consecutive two-yearerm. At the first election, one member of the basic medical sciences faculty and one member efulfinical sciences faculty shall serve for one year only; thereafter, the assembly listelect one member of the basic medical sciences faculty and one member of the cliniscalences faculty each year for a two-year term.
- D. From among members of the faculty who shalve served on the APC for at least one year, the faculty assembly shall elect orheose name shall be submitted to the Board of Trustees for election by the Board to its member for a three-yeaterm. The faculty member so elected has the full rights and the property and the shall be submitted to the Board of Trustees for election by the Board to its member of the Board so long as



and place of the election one month prior to

- New business
- 6. Adjournment
- C. The agenda for a special meeting shall include:
 - 1. Call to order
 - 2. Reading of the notice for the meeting
 - 3. Transaction of business for which the meeting was called
 - 4. Adjournment
- D. The president and/or the dean shall provincted with an executive summary a week before the faculty assembly and have an output to answer questions related to the submitted report.
- E. The faculty assembly may consider and discuss any matter relating to MSM. All recommendations adopted by vote of the facults embly shall be forwarded to the APC for its consideration.
- F. Faculty representatives to the APC shall **pne** and speak to the issues referred to the APC by vote of the faculty assembly. At earegular meeting of the faculty assembly one or more faculty representatives shall bre on all pertinent actions of the APC, particularly as they relate to issures erred to that body by the faculty assembly.

ARTICLE V

ACADEMIC POLICY COUNCIL

Section 1--Authority

The Academic Policy Council shable the body of the aculty that develops and oversees the academic policies of MSM.

Section 2--Organization

A. Presiding Officer

The dean, or a designee, shall interest all meetings of the APC.

B. Secretary

The dean's office shall appoint recording secretary fulling preparation of the minutes of the meetings.

C. Membership

The membership of the APC shall include:

- 1. Dean
- 2. President
- 3. Associate Dean for Student Affairs
- 4. Director, Library
- 5. Chairpersons of basic and clinical **scie**s departments and the department of medical education
- 6. Two elected representatives of the culty assembly, who are not department chairpersons, but are members **b** fasic medical sciences department.
- 7. Two elected representatives of the uflty assembly, who are not department chairpersons, but are members of a clinical sciences department.
- 8. Student Governments Aociation (SGA) President

D. Additional Membership

Additional members may be designated after approval by the APC.

E. Voting Rights

All members of the APC shall be voting meetns except as explicitly stated herein. A substitute attending for a voting member not note. No person may have more than one vote.

Section 3--Responsibilities

The APC shall receive, review, and take actional matters appropriately referred to it by the dean, committee chairpersons, members of the APC the faculty assembly, especially as these matters concern academic policy in the following areas:

Admission of students
Evaluation and promotion of students
Faculty appointments and promotions
Curriculum development and evaluation
Library
Research
Laboratory animal care
Hospital relationships
Continuing Medical Education

Section 4--Committees of Academic Policy Council

A. To facilitate its work, the APC shall eletate individuals who shalterve on its standing committees.

In those circumstances where the relevant was a standing committee of the APC can be performed more expeditiously by an initestitutional committee, the APC shall elect the representative(s) tsuch committee(s) and shall quiere that an annual report be submitted as for inter-institutional committees.

B. Committee Chairperson

Wherever feasible the chairperson of ansling committee shall be a member of the APC. However, individuals who are espelyiqualified but are not members of the APC may also serve as chairpersons. Under such circumstances, a member of the APC shall be appointed to serve on that particular committee.

The chairperson of each committee shall spoesible to the chairperson of the APC.

C. Committee Membership

Committees shall include members of the ufty not serving on the APC. Ex-officio members who are charged with carrying that actions of a committee shall not be voting members of that committee. Ex-officio members who arechatged with

2. If a standing committee is to beschintinued, it shall be accomplished by amending the Bylaws. Prior to any suadtion, the APC shall refer the matter to the Committee on Committees for study and recommendation.

J. Operation of Committees

Committees of the APC perform administive tasks in addition to recommending changes in policy. All such committees, in the performance of their tasks, shall function within the policies established by the APC matters arise where a clear policy has not been established, or if a committee wistressecommend that an established policy be changed, the committee shall formulaterescommended policy statement which the committee chairperson shall present through their person of the APC to the APC. The committee shall subsequently function in arcance with such policy decisions as the APC may adopt.

K. Committee Support

The office of the dean shall provide maid istrative support to the APC and its committees. A staff person (non-faculty) may appear ointed as an ex-officio member of a committee if he or she has explicit knowled of facts that are necessary for the deliberation of the committee. Such an individual may maintain the minutes, assist the chairperson and prepare the agenda.

L. Standing Committees

Admissions Committee

This committee shall review and recommendathission of medical students to MSM. This committee shall be exempt from the limiting committee membership to two consecutive three-year terms.

Bylaws Committee

All matters relating to modification of the Byws of the Faculty shall be referred by the APC to this committee which, in turn, shall draft a recommended statement for consideration by the APC.

Committee on Committees

The committee shall be comprised of the airpherson of the APC and four members of the APC elected by the APC, one of whom shall be elected chairperson of this committee. One of the members shall be eacend year representative of the faculty assembly who serves on the APC. Tobermittee shall review the composition of all committees of the APC and shall recommend the persons to be appointed to those committees. It shall also recommending ally the person who shall chair each committee.

Continuing Medical Education Committee

This committee shall review all aspects of MTS participation in directly sponsored and jointly sponsored continuing edical education activities.

Curriculum and Evaluation Committee

The Curriculum Committee has the integraliestitutional responsibility for the overall design, management, implementation, and usuted n of a coherent coordinated curriculum leading to the Midegree. It is charged:

Χ

by the APC, the dean and the president, it shall be used by the FAPC and the APC to guide its recommendations with resptectappointments and/or promotions.

Graduate Education in Biomedical Sciences Committee

This committee shall oversee the programs tout leading to the octor of Philosophy degree in Biomedical Sciences as well as the testa of Science in Clinical Research. It is the responsibility of the GEBSC to make policy recommendations concerning admissions, curriculum, graduation, the assignt note mesearch advises and the possible waiver of course work towards awarding to Ph.D. and Masters in Clinical Research (MSCR) degrees. It shall also recommend in the APC be awarded these degrees.

MPH Curriculum and Evaluation Committee

The charge to the Curriculum Committee isdevelop a curriculum that will lead to the fulfillment of the objectives of the MPH pgram. The Committee is responsible for planning the academic calendar, class schedules, and the determination of core, integrated, and elective courefferings. The Committee also evaluates all segments of the curriculum, including student evaluations identify potentially ineffective sequences, unnecessary repetitions, and subjects that may require more emphasis. The Committee is charged with conducting continuing review of curriculum design, course organization, and teaching performanto formulate specific recommendations for modifying courses in the interest information the curriculum. In addition, the Committee is expected to review the descriptive outline of each course prior to incorporation in the curriculum. Each course every two years. Annual report is made by the Program Director to the APC.

The Committee membership and Chairpersare selected by the APC following the recommendation of the Committee on Committees. Members serve for a three year term, with a maximum of two consecutive terms allowed. One-third of the membership rotates off the committee annually. One student expentative, elected by the MPH Student Government, serves for a one year term.

MPH Students Academic Progressand Promotion Committee (SAPC)
The MPH SAPC is a standing committee of the PC. Its membership and Chairperson are selected by the APC following threcommendation of the Committee on Committees. The MPH Director submits removed attions of committee members to the Committee on Committees. Meterls are assigned for a three year term, with a maximum of two consecutive terms allowed. Other of the membership rotates off the committee annually.

The Committee is charged with monitoging the academic performance of each MPH student. The Committee evaluates and real-recommendations for each student in accordance with the guidelines establishment approved by the faculty. It evaluates unusual problems that students may encounted reasures that guidelines are applied in a fair and equitable manner. It determines tis factory academic progress, probation, or dismissal for academic reasons.

The SAPC convenes at periodic intervates monitor the personal and professional development of all MPH students and make appropriate decisions and recommendations. The committee considers interim and final grades, qualitative evaluations, practical experiences, as well as additional evidence submitted by the student or others that might have a bearing on the student's progress.

The Committee also reviews and approxesommendations for remediation submitted by the Track Coordinators. Student's progriesthe curriculum is tracked by the SAPC to determine students eligible to enter degrandidacy. Students who have met all the

requirements are recommended by the Vicesident of Student Affairs to the APC (chaired by the Dean) as candidates receipt of the MPH degree.

All committee decisions regarding studephomotion, graduation and dismissal are communicated to the Vice President for Studehairs, who in turn presents it to the APC for review and approvaThe Associate Dean for Student Affairs communicates Committee decisions regardingagluation and dismissal toethstudent. All decisions are also communicated in writing to the MPHo@ram Director, the Track Coordinator, and others deemed appropriate by the Dean.

Research Development Committee

It shall be the responsibility of thisommittee to facilitate the development and maintenance of an institutional biomediresearch capability of high quality.

Students Academic Progressred Promotion (SAPP) Committee This committee shall be composed of facu

safe and humane treatment of experimental **als**imIt shall reviewthe costs for the care of animals and make recommendationsgarding charges. It shall make recommendations regarding the security of animals against vandalism. Due to its regulatory activities, this committee shall be exempt from the rule limiting committee membership to two consecutive three-year terms.

Institutions receiving PHSufiding are required to maintain an IACUC committee that includes a chair, veterinarian, practicingestist(s), a non-scientist and a nonaffiliated member. Recommendations for MSM flagumembers to serve on the MSM IACUC will be made by the IACUC chair for approval by the Committee on Committees.

IACUC will be independent of the APC indecision making, but will make an annual report to the APC. The assignment in faculty members will remain the responsibility of the Committee on Committees.

Institutional Safety Committee

The Institutional Safety Committee will oversee all institutional environmental and health safety issues. It will oversee regulatory compliance with various agencies (EPA, OSHA, USDA, NRC, ATF, NIH, etc.). Membershipvill be comprised of a full time safety officer (staff), basic and clinical science researchers, clinicians, institutional administrators and community advocates. The full time staff of the Environmental and Infection Control Committee, Institutional Safety Committee and Radiation Safety Committee will serves as adhoc members.

Environmental and Infection Control Committee

This committee shall serve as a libral between various departments, organizations and groups, both inside and side of MSM, to provide education, information and guidelines on communicablicatious diseases that are of public health concern. The committed all be composed of clinical and basic science faculty, other teaching and non-teardin employees, as well as student representatives from the medical aduate and residency programs.

Institutional Biosafety Committee

This committee shall be composed **rot**embers of the faculty and such other persons as may be required **flex**leral, state, or local **ge**lations. It shall review all research protocols thatopose the use of material state may pose a biohazard. It shall require investigators to comply with and all applicable federal, state or local requirements relating to procedures in which materials are used and considered to pose a biohazard.

Radiation Safety Committee

The Radiation Safety Committee (RSC)thise governing body for all aspects of radiation protection within MorehoesSchool of Medicine (MSM) and the Atlanta University Center (AUC), including all affiliated research, clinical, instructional and service units utilizing diation sources in facilities owned or

controlled by MSM and the AUC. The RS@II ensure that all possession, use and disposition of radiation sources by MSM/AUC personnel complies with pertinent federal and stategretations and with the spitic conditions of licenses issued to MSM/AUC, and that all associatradiation exposures are maintained As Low As Reasonablychievable (ALARA).

Section 5. Meetings of Academic Policy Council

A. Meetings shall be held at monthly interstalt a regular time and place to be agreed upon. The schedule of meetings for the next yelall be adopted by the APC at the last meeting in each academic year, such schedulae toirculated with the agenda for the

- 2. With the approval of the chairperson persons who may serve as a valuable resource to the APC may be invited to attend.
- 3. Any member of the faculty may attend regular special sessions of the APC as an observer.

H. Conformity of APC Policies to Board of Trustees Policies

It is expected that the policies adopted by AtPC, while more detailed than those of the Board of Trustees, shall not be in conflicithwBoard policies. The president shall be obligated to present to the Board of Trusteeny matter which the APC, by vote, shall determine to be of such import that it needs review at that level. Similarly, the president shall bring to the attention of the APC any action which the president, or the Board, believes to be in conflict ith established Board policy.

ARTICLE VI

ORGANIZATION

Section 1--Board of Trustees

The Articles of Incorporation establishing tMSM as an independer institution defines the authority of the Board of Trustees for the operation of MSM.

The Bylaws of the Board of Trust

Section 3--The Dean

- A. The dean shall serve as the chief acade fficial of MSM. The dean shall be appointed by the Board of Trustees on recommendation the fpresident and of a search committee comprised of members of the faculty, the ministration and the student body. The faculty members of the search comments shall be appointed by the APC on recommendation of the Committee on Committees.
- B. The dean shall report to the president abe responsible to the president for the development and implementation of all pranges of education, medical service and research.
- C. The dean shall serve as chairperson of the APC.
- D. The dean, and the office of the dean, sfædlitate the work of the APC and of its committees and shall administeoste policies adopted by the APC.
- E. The office of the dean shall be organized in such a manner as will provide assistance to the work of the faculty and the students he organization shall include but not be limited to:
 - x An Office of Student Affairs
 - x The Library

The dean may appoint such assistant orcitateodeans as may be deemed necessary and may delegate to them certain functions **toge** with the authority necessary for the proper discharge of their duties.

- F. The dean shall draft, with the assistant department chairpersons, an annual budget for support of the academic programs of MS and shall submit this proposal to the president.
- G. The dean shall prepare an annual repetitecting the accomplishments, needs, and proposed development of theademic programs of MSM.
- H. The dean shall consult from time to timeth advisory committees of the basic and clinical sciences departmentegarding matters that relate to the implementation of academic policies:

- 2. The Clinical Sciences Advisory Commett shall be comprised of the dean as chairperson and thellowing persons:
 - a. Clinical departmental chairpersons
 - b. Associate or assistant deans
 - c. Directors of other offices as requested by the dean
- 3. Although many of the persons serving the advisory committees to the dean will be members, also, of the APC, ethadvisory committees shall have no authority to establish academic policies for MSM.

Section 4--Academic Departments

- A. The academic departments in the basic sciences established by these Bylaws shall include:
 - x Anatomy and Neurobiology
 - x Microbiology, Biochemistry and Immunology
 - x Pharmacology and Toxicology
 - x Physiology
- B. The academic departments in the clinisalences established by these Bylaws shall include:
 - x Community Health an Preventive Medicine
 - x Family Medicine
 - x Medicine
 - x Obstetrics and Gynecology
 - x Pathology
 - x Pediatrics
 - x Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences
 - x Surgery
- C. Department of Medical Education

Section 5--Department Chairpersons

A. The chairperson of a department is aministrative officer responsible for developing, within a defined area of isontific knowledge, instructional programs for medical and graduate students and research programpsopriate to the respective department. The department chairperson shabloredinate the teaching and research activities of faculty members in the department and shall satisfing their academic development. The chairperson annually shall prepare a written less tion of each salaried member of the department and shall shareclauevaluation with the faculty member. These evaluations

shall follow a format to be developed and/or approved by the APC. The annual evaluations shall be given substantiatins deration by the chairperson in making recommendations of members of the depant for promotion and for continued appointment.

In addition to sharing the evaluation reposith the faculty member, the departmental chairperson shall provide guidance to members department at such times and under such circumstances as will be helpful in thromotion of their academic development.

B. Department chairpersons shall be selecton recommendation of an ad hoc search

Faculty in series II are not necessarily expetitional account in all three areas of academic endeavor (teaching, scholarlyivity), and service), but must contribute significantly in at least two areas. Academilles in series II are qualified by a modifier and awarded to faculty who are salaried 50% time or more. Series II faculty are entitled to full faculty benefits and privilegesPromotion in this series must not be considered an automatic resultlength of service to MSM.

An appointment at the rank of instructoryly, may be recommended by a chairperson to the dean without review by the FAPC.

C. Series III

Series III appointments are reserved for individuals who contribute in one or more areas of academic endeavor (teaching, scholarly vityti and service). Academic titles in series III are qualified by a modifier andeawarded to faculty who are voluntary or

Faculty members shall be eligible for reappointment for a term which falls within the range for their rank as showbove for initial appointment.

Professors and associate professors shallbedtmited with respect to the number of terms to which they may be appointed.

Assistant professors may be appointed for terms which do that ggregate more than six years of service at MSM. If thus this period the faculty member is not promoted, he or she will be offered a terminal appointment for one additional year.

Instructors may be reappointed for terms winds not aggregate more than three years of service at MSM. If during this period the faculty member is not promoted, he or she will be offered a terminal appointment for an additional six months.

Series II

The individual to be appointed a series II position shall befered an appointment for a term as shown below:

Professor 1 to 3 years
Associate Professor 1 to 3 years
Assistant Professor 1 to 2 years
Instructor 1 year

Faculty members shall be eligible for reappointment for a term which falls within the range for their rank as shown above for initiappointment. Appointment series II are for a specified period of time, are subject annual reviews, ned can be, but are not automatically, renewed an infidete number of times within the guidelines of MSM.

3. Series III

Appointments to series III arefa period of two years or less.

A recommendation for renewal of appointmentequired every two years; otherwise the appointment automatically lapses. Appointmentewals shall be at the discretion of the department chairperson and the dean.

F. Expectation of Continued Appointment

The academic functions performed by MSM ar

Board's desire that the faculty be encounted by expect continued appointment under the terms set forth in this section.

Faculty members appointed initially thigher academic ranks have had greater experience and have demonstrated greatendemic accomplishments than those just entering the field. MSM can rely on the papetrformance of these more experienced academicians and is willing, therefore officer a longer term of initial appointment.

Policies relating to continued appointment apply to the academic appointment only. If the individual faculty member holds a condtant administrative appointment the policy set forth in "Article VI, Section 7--Adinistrative Appointment and Responsibility" applies.

Section 5--Evaluation

A. Faculty Evaluation

The chairperson annually shall prepare attentite valuation of each salaried member of The department and shall share such usated in with the faculty member. These evaluations shall follow a format to be veloped and/or approved by the APC.

The annual evaluations shall be given subtistancensideration by the chairperson in making recommendations of members of the address of the promotion and for continued appointment.

In addition to sharing the **el**uation report with the facultynember, the departmental chairperson shall provide guidance to mem**bé** is department at such times and under such circumstances as will be helpful in thromotion of their academic development.

B. Chair Evaluation

A department chair shall be reviewed aftering served for a period of five years, and after each subsequent five-year period, by an ad hoc committee appointed by the dean. The committee shall report its findingstree dean and shall make a recommendation regarding continued appointment.

ARTICLE VIII

ACADEMIC FREEDOM, FACULTY GRIEVANCE, JUST CAUSE AND DUE PROCESS

Section 1--Academic Freedom

1. Every member of the faculty shall betited to exercise academic freedom.

2. Definition:

- a. Faculty are entitled to freedom the conduct of research and in the publication of results, subject to chadequate performance of other academic obligations.
- b. Full time faculty who is salaried by SM shall obtain approval from the dean before engaging in teaching, are to consultation for monetary return paid by individuals or organitions other than MSM. Full time clinical faculty members, who are licensed to practice medicine in Georgia, shall become members by the prositions of the Bylaws of that organization with respect to all medical practice activities.
- c. A faculty member is entitled to exent and discuss with students in the classroom any matter relating to the win field of academic competence.

 One should avoid introducing into shior her teachings those matters which have little or no directelation to one's own field.
- d. Any limitations on academic freedomesifically related to the objectives of MSM shall be stated clearly in wing to the faculty member at the time of initial appointment.
- e. The faculty member, as citizen, iscala member of a learned profession and a member of a Salatocal institution. When one peaks or writes as a citizen, he or she shall be free from stitutional censors por discipline, but one's institutional affiliation imposes special obligations. As a learned individual and an educator, one should all times be accurate, exercise appropriate restraint and show respectifice opinions of others. In order that the public not judge one's professior one's institution by his or her statements, one should make cletant he or she is speaking for themselves alone. When one makes such statements in writing, he or she may not use the letterhead of MSM.

3. Failure of a faculty member to dischappeperly the responsibilities cited in the academic freedom statement, as outlingedve, may lead to censure or, in grave cases, to dismissal as providedhie section of Just Cause.

Section 2--Faculty Grievance

A faculty member, who may have a significant explicted grievance, may take the matter to the dean after he has presented the issumpting to the appropriate department chairperson and has had asseenal discussion with that administrative officer.

If the grievance involves serious personal difference between a faculty member and a department chairperson, the faculty member take that issueredictly to the dean.

Section 4-- Due Process

- 1. No member of the faculty may be ceressuor dismissed for just cause without due process. Due process means that dividual may not be censured officially nor dismissed from his faculty position figust cause until a specifically defined set of procedures has been followed. Saustet of procedures shall be developed and incorporated in the regulations of MSM as an appendix to these Bylaws.
- 2. The basic principles of a fair and objective aring shall be incorporated into the due process procedures.
- 3. The faculty member shall continueltold faculty appointment and shall receive his salary and other benefits during the period of institutional review. The decision as to whether he shall continue each or to use institutional facilities shall be made by the president.

ARTICLE IX

ACADEMIC TITLES WITHOUT FACULTY STATUS

Non-faculty academic titles are available to **genize** individuals who provide assistance to the faculty by their contributions to teaching, research clinical programs of MSM. They are assigned the titles of research acisate, clinical associate, tening associate, research scholar, senior scientist, lecturer, orswing scholar. These titles are **nec**ulty titles and, consequently, these appointments do not convey mension in the faculty assembly.

Unless specifically stated otherwise, the tserand conditions of employment for these non-faculty academic positions are described in Nilona-Faculty Academic Personnel Handboard are the same as other standsitions as detailed in the diministrative Handbook

ARTICLE X

AMENDMENTS TO THE BYLAWS

Section 1--Procedure

- A. These Bylaws may be amended by introdgcat a regular meeting of the APC a motion setting forth the changes desired.
- B. If approved by a simple majority of the AP

ARTICLE XI

ADOPTION OF BYLAWS

A. The committee on Bylaws shall prepathe Bylaws, and the Bylaws committee shall present them to the APC. After discussible APC may, by a majority affirmative vote of those present, recommethat they be adopted.

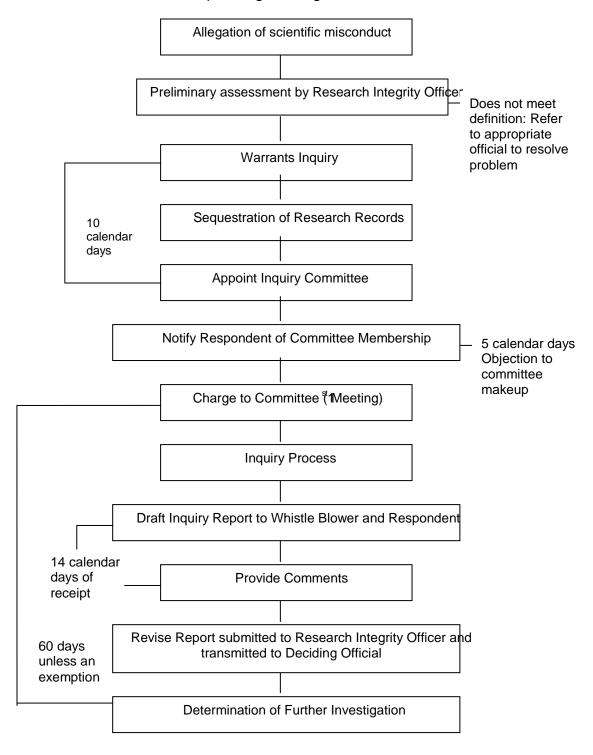
After having made such a recommendation, the matter shall automatically be laid on the table until the next meient of the APC. During the intent before the next meeting, any member may submit written suggestions for change.

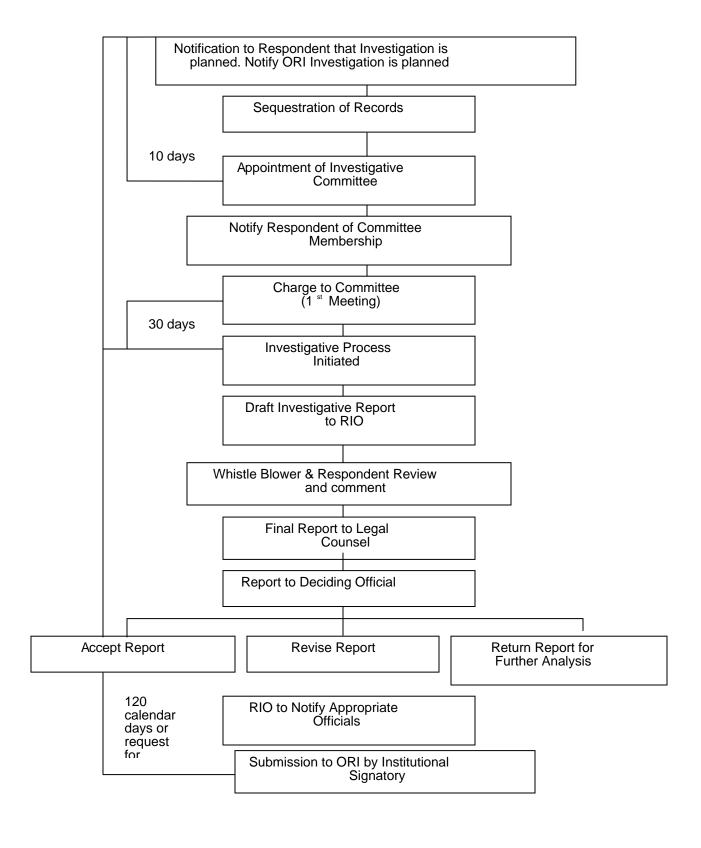
When the matter is taken up at the next eting the written suggestions shall be considered and acted upon. The APC mayn thake final action to recommend the Bylaws to the Board of Trustees.

B. These Bylaws shall become effective abred in force when approved by the Board of Trustees of MSM.

Research Integrity Policy for Respoding to Allegations of Scientific Misconduct

Procedures for Responding to Allegation of Scientific Misconduct





- I. Introduction
 - A. General Policy

or collaborators at MSM.

The policy and associated procedure is normally be followed when an allegation of possible misconduct in state is received by an institutional official. Particular circumstances in andividual case may dictate variation from the normal procedure deemed in the breastrest of MSM and PHS. Any change from normal procedures also must ensure fair treatment to the subject of the inquiry or investigation. Any significant variation should be reviewed in advance by the Vice President and Associate Decar Sponsored Research Administration of MSM and approved by the dean.

II. Definitions

- A. Allegations means any written or oral statent or other indication of possible scientific misconduct made ton institutional official.
- B. Conflict of interestmeans the real or apparent interference of one person's interests with the interessof another person, where **pot**ial bias may occur due to prior or existing person**al** professional relationships.
- C. Deciding Official (Dean and Senior Videresident for Academic Affairsheans the institution official who makes final therminations on allegations of scientific misconduct and any responsive institutional actions.
- D. Good faith allegationmeans an allegation made with the honest belief that scientific misconduct may have occurred. Allegation is not impood faith if it is made with reckless disregard for or willfighorance of facts that would disprove the allegation.
- E. Inquiry means gathering information and initial fact-finding to determine whether an allegation or apparent instances scientific misconduct warrants an investigation.
- F. Institutional Signatory (Vice Present of Operations and Planning) eans the institutional official who shall notify the Office for Research Integrity of all research integrity-related investigations.
- G. Investigationmeans the formal examination and levation of all relevant facts to determine if misconduct has occurred, airidso, to determine the responsible person and the seriousness of the misconduct.
- H. ORI means the Office of Research Ignite, the office within the U.S. Department of Health and Human ServiceHHS) that is responsible for the scientific misconduct and research integrate tivities of the U.S. Public Health Service.
- I. PHS means the U.S. Public Health Siets, an operating component of the DHHS.

- J. PHS regulations mean the Public Health Service regulations establishing standards for institutional inquiries and investigations into allegation of scientific misconduct, which is set forth at 42.F.R. part 50, Subpart A, entitled "Responsibility of PHS Awardee and Applicanstitutions for Dealing With and Reporting Possible Misconduct in Science."
- K. PHS supportmeans PHS grants, contracts, coapee agreements or applications thereof.
- L. Research Integrity Office(Vice President and Assiate Dean for Sponsored Research Administration) eans the institutional official responsible for assessing allegations of scientific misconductoral determining when such allegations warrant inquiries and for oversegiinquiries and investigations.

III. Rights and Responsibilities

A. Research Integrity Officer

The Vice President and Associate Déan Sponsored Research Administration will serve as the Research Integrity (RIO), who will have primary

The Research Integrity Officer will monitor the treatment of individuals who bring allegations of misconduct or ofaidequate institutional response thereto, and those who cooperate in inquiriesinorestigations. The Research Integrity Officer will ensure that these persons with the retaliated against in the terms and conditions of their employment other status at the institution and will receive instances of alleged lieution for appropriate action.

Employees should immediately report anlegated or apparent

V. Conducting the Inquiry

A. Initiation and Purpose of the Inquiry

Following the preliminary assessment, if the Research Integrity Officer determines that the allegation provides sufficient information to allow specific follow-up, involves PHS support, and falls wernd the PHS definition of scientific misconduct, he or she will immediately interest in inquiry process. In initiating the inquiry, the Research Integrity Offeir should identify clarly the original allegation and any related issues the backuld be evaluated. The purpose of the inquiry is to make a preliminary exception of the available evidence and testimony of the respondent, whistleb the warrant key witnesses to determine whether there is sufficient evidence professible scientific misconduct to warrant an investigation. The propose of the inquiry is not to reach a final conclusion about whether misconduct definitely courred or who was responsible. The findings of the inquiry must beset forth in an inquiry report.

B. Sequestration of the Research Records

After determining that an allegationIlfa within the definition of misconduct in science and involves PHS funding, the Reselantergrity Officer must ensure that all original research records and materials relevant to the allegation are immediately secured. The Research grite Officer may consult with ORI for advice and assistance in this regard.

C.

D. Charge to the Committee and the First Meeting

The Research Integrity Officer will prape a charge for the inquiry committee that describes the allegations and any related issues identified during the allegation assessment and states thatptimpose of the inquiry is to make a preliminary evaluation of the evidem and testimony of the respondent,

1. Confidentiality

The Research Integrity Officer mæstablish reasonable conditions for review to protect the confidentiality of the draft report.

2. Receipt of Comments

Within fourteen (14) calendar days of their receipt of the draft report, the whistleblower and respondent will poide their comments, if any, to the inquiry committee. Any comments that the whistleblower or respondent submits on the draft report will becompart of the final inquiry report and record. Based on the comments, the inquiry committee may revise the report as appropriate.

C. Inquiry Decision and Notification

1. Decisions by Deciding Official

The Research Integrity Officer will transmit the final report and any comments to the Deciding Official, how will make the determination of whether findings from the inquiry pride sufficient evidence of possible scientific misconduct to justify conducting an invessation. The inquiry is completed when the Deciding Official makes the determination, which will be made within sixty (60) calendar days of the first meeting of the inquiry committee. Any extension of the period will be based on good cause and recorded in the inquiry file.

Notification

The Research Integrity Officer withotify both the respondent and the whistleblower in writing of the Decidig Official's decision of whether to proceed to an investigation and withmind them of their obligation to cooperate in the event an investigatis opened. The Research Integrity Officer will also notify all appropriate institutional officials of the Deciding Official's decision.

D. Time Limit for Completing the Inquiry Report

The inquiry committee will normally complete inquiry and submit its report in writing to the Research Integrity Officero more than sixty (60) calendar days following its first meeting, unless the Research Integrity Officer approves an extension. The reason for extension will be entered to the records of the case and the report! The respondent also will be notified of the extension.

VI. Conducting the Investigation

A. Purpose of the Investigation

If the initial inquiry results in the need for an invetigation, the RIO will give written notification of the investigation the Institutional Signatory. The purpose of the investigation is to explore in detthe allegations, to examine the evidence in depth, and to determine specifically bether misconduct has been committed, by whom, and to what extent. The investign will also determine whether there are additional instances of possible rois duct that would justify broadening the scope beyond the initial allegations. This is particularly important where the alleged misconduct involved clinical trials potential harm tohuman subjects of the general public or if it affects reselarthat forms the lasts for public policy, clinical practice, or public health practice. The findings of the investigation will be set forth in ainvestigation report.

B. Sequestration of the Research Records

The Research Integrity Officer will immediately sequester any additional pertinent researchecords that were not previously questered during the inquiry. This sequestration should occur beforeabithe time the respondent is notified that an investigation has begun. The neglected ditional sequestration of records may occur for any number of reasonscluiding the institution's decision to investigate additional allections not considered durintone inquiry stage or the identification of records during the inquipyrocess not previously secured. The procedures to be followed for sequestratiduring the investigation are the same procedures that applications are inquiry.

C. Appointment of the Investigation Committee

The Research Integrity Officer, in constitution with other institutional officials as appropriate, will appoint an investigation committee and the committee chair within ten (10) days of the notification to the respondentation an investigation is planned or as soon thereafter as preactive. The investigation committee should consist of at least three-dividuals who do not have real apparent conflicts of interest in the case, are unbiased, and littrae enecessary expertise to evaluate the evidence and issues related to the graftisens, interview the principals and key witnesses, and conduthe investigation? These individuals may be scientists, administrators, subject mattexperts, lawyers, or lover qualified persons, and

A. Elements of the

the notification should include the named the person(s) against whom the allegations have been made, the general nature of the allegation as it relates to the PHS definition of scientific misconductand the PHS applications or grant number(s) involved. ORI must also be notified the final outcome of the investigation and must be provided withcopy of the investigation report. Any significant variations from the provions of the institutional policies and procedures should be explained into the provious submitted to ORI.

- B. If an institution plans to terminate ainquiry or investigation for any reason without completing all relevant requirements of the PSH regulation, the Research Integrity Officer will prepare a report of the planned termination, including a description of the reason sur submission to the OR.
- C. If the institution determines that it will **no** able to complete the investigation in 120 days, the Research Integrity Officer will submit to the Institutional Signatory for submission to the ORI a written request for an extension that explains the delay, reports on the progress to dateimestes the date of completion of the report, and describes other necessary steps taken. If the request is granted, the Research Integrity Officer will file periodic progress reports via the Institutional Signatory assequested by the OR1.
- D. When PHS funding or applications founding are involved and an admission of scientific misconduct is made, the Resedrategrity Officerwill contact ORI for consultation and advice. Normally, the individual making the admission will be asked to sign a statement attesting to the occurrence and extent of misconduct. When the case involves PHS funds, ithestitution cannot acept an admission of scientific conduct as a basior closing a case or nothdertaking an investigation without prior approval from ORI.
- E. The Institution must notify the ORI at any se of the inquiry or investigation if:
 - 1. there is an immediate alth hazard involved;
 - 2. there is an immediate need to **pot**the Federal funds or equipment;
 - there is an immediate netword protect the iterests of the person(s) making the allegations or of this dividual(s) who is the subject of the allegations as well as his/her co-investigators and associates, it any;
 - 4. it is probable that the alleged incirdes going to be reported publicity or
 - 5. the allegation involves a public healthnsitive issue, e.ga clinical trial 30252.12 667.560147m -.740004
 - 6. there is reasonable indication of possi criminal violation. In this instance, the institution must information at information that information obtaining that

NOTES:

- 1. 42 C.F.R. 50.102.
- 2. 42 C.F.R. 50.102.
- 3. 42 C.F.R. 50.102.
- 4. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (12).
- 5. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (13).
- 6. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (2).
- 7. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (13).
- 8. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (3).
- 9. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (1).
- 10. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (1).
- 11. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (1).
- 12. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (8).
- 13. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (7).
- 14. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (7).
- 15. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (7).
- 16. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d) (7).
- 17. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(4)2 C.F.R. 50.103(d)(15).
- 18. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(2).
- 19. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(2).
- 20. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(1).
- 21. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(1.
- 22. 42 C.F.R. 50.103 (d)(15).
- 23. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(3).

- 24. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(5).
- 25. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(a)(3).
- 26. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(b)(1).
- 27. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(b(2).
- 28. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(b)(3)
- 29. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(b)(4).
- 30. 42 C.F.R. 50.104(b)(5).
- 31. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d)(14).
- 32. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d)(14).
- 33. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d)(11).
- 34. 42 C.F.R. 50.103(d)(10).

APPENDIX II

INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

International Program Activities

1. General Faculty Policy

The School of Medicine, having initiated ægram of cooperatiowith the Agency for

APPENDIX III

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Due Process Procedure to Govern Hearing for Faculty Prior to Censure or Dismissal for Just Cause

Introduction

The Bylaws of the faculty of the Morehouse School of Medicin (the "School of Medicine") provide for the censure or dismissal of a member of the faculty for "just cause." They further provide that no member of the faculty may be **deens** or dismissed for state cause without "due process" (Article VIII).

The following provisions apply to ntters relating to "just causeb'ut do not apply to procedures regarding "intent not to reapprox" after expiration of a context. The latter procedures are described in the Faculty Appointmental Promotion Process and policies.

Dismissal may be recommended, depending orcittoemstances, by a department chairperson, dean, or the president. The faculty membell storatione to hold faculty appointment and shall receive his or her salary another benefits throughout three riod of institutional review.

If, in the judgment of the dean or president, the continued activity of a faculty member is

recommend dismissal or censure. The letter **ternin** must contain a reasonable statement of the problem at issue and, where applicable or the problem at issue and the problem.

Upon receipt of such letter, the dean shall inittate formal process. Both the Accused and the School of Medicine shall substantially complythwithe process and procedures described herein.

Charges

- A. A faculty member must be notified in writing by the dean of the Socol of Medicine (the ADean¹") if he or she is charged with one or or of the following "just causes" for censure or dismissal:
 - 1. Professional incompetence;
 - Neglect of duty;
 - 3. Misconduct in teaching or in the conduct of research; This item shall be interpreted to include, but not be limited to, the present and then current definition of charges of misconduct insearch as stated by the item States Public Health Service which presently defines "missocluct" as (1) serious deviation from accepted practices such as fabrication, fals

or School of Medicine procedures in which the participants are promised confidentiality.

- B. The written notification (te "Notice") must include:
 - 1. A reasonably specific despation of the violation;
 - 2. A description of the extence supporting the charge;
 - 3. The name(s) of the person or persons providing the evidence;
 - 4. Notice that the faculty member charged ('thecused") has the right to a hearing. The Accused may exercise such right sending a writtemotice stating the desire for a formal hearing (the "Requirent Hearing Notice") to the Dean, within ten (10) working days of receipty the Accused of the Notice.
 - 5. Notice that dismissal will be recommended to the president by the Dean (to become effective thirty (30) calendar databounded to the president by the Dean (to right to a hearing is exercised.

Right to Hearing

Upon receipt of a Request for Hearing Notice, the Dean, or his or her designee shall:

- A. Consult with the Accused and the Dean to set a date for the hearing. The date should provide the Accused sufficient time to prepar defense but, unless therwise agreed by the Dean and the Accused, shall not be later stixty (60) calendar days from the date the Notice was sent to the Accused.
- B. Provide the Academic Policy Council with the names of rte(10) faculty members from which the Academic Policy Council shall approxim ad hoc faculty committee (the "Ad Hoc Committee") to conduct the hearing dato render a written recommendation. The Ad Hoc Committee shall have no fewer than the faculty members. None of the faculty members shall have a adoubly rative working relationship with, or be from the same department as, the Accust faculty member, in his or her sole discretion, determines he or she has a condition terest which would hamper his or her ability to be fair to the Accused or the School of Medicine, the faculty member shall not

be required to serve on the Ad Hoc Cometit The Ad Hoc Committee make-up is not subject to challenge.

- C. Provide the Accused and the Dean with thames of the members of the Ad Hoc 43-Committee.
- D. Advise the Accused offis or her right to:
 - 1. be present at the hearing;
 - 2. Present a defense;
 - 3. Be assisted in his or her defense byneamber of the faculty of his or her own choosing (the "Assisting Faculty Member");
 - 4. Call witnesses;
 - 5. Rebut evidence;
 - 6. Question adverswitnesses.
- E. Further advise the Accused that the heari

release copies of the electronic recordingly to members of the Ad Hoc Committee, the Dean or the Accused. Subsequite the completion of the earing, the Accused, or Dean may obtain a transcript of the hearing, but of othe deliberation of the hearing; the party requesting the transcript will be solely pressible for the expense of the transcript.

- B. Rules of evidence that woulbe applicable in courtroom are not applicable to the hearing.
- C. The Dean may make an opening statement as may the Accused. The Dean shall present the charges and documentary evidence on beliable School of Medicine. The Dean may ask an associate dean; a department christory or another designee, to serve as his or her alternate. The chairperson of the Hoc Committee shall set the order of the presentation of evidence and, upon notifying palities, may exclude irrelevant or unduly repetitious evidence or argument and at alletinshall have final altority to conduct the hearing. Each party shall hat the right to confront and

F. The chairperson of the Ad Hoc Cointing shall declare the hearing closed.

The Decision

The Ad Hoc Committee shall deliberate to reach its findings. The Ad Hoc Committee shall

C. If the Ad Hoc Committee finds that the<u>rejusst</u> cause fo<u>r dismiss</u>athe Dean shall recommend to the president that the Accused be dismissed, the dismissal to become effective ten (10) working days after that on which the Ad Hoc Committee provides the Opinion to the Accused, unless the Accusedoisses his or her righto appeal as set forth below.

Right to Appeal

The Accused may appeal the Ad Hoc Committee is justause for censure or for dismissal by notifying the Dean writing, of his or her election to appeal such finding (the "Notice of Appeal"). The Notice of Appeal relative received by the Dean within ten (10) working days of the date on which the Ad Hocmmittee provides the Opinion to the Accuse

- 4. All other documents relating to the hearing and toethdecision of the Board of Trustees shall be placed insealed file to be opened only with the joint consent of the Dean and the Accused unless the Accused shall again be charged and again request a faculty hearing. Under such circumstances, the new Ad Hoc Committee shall have access to and may consider the full file.
- B. If the decision is made by the Board Torfustees to uphold the Ad Hoc Committee's finding of just cause for censurate Board of Trustees' dission and the Opinion shall become a permanent part of the Accused's faculty file.
- C. If the decision is made by the Board Torfustees to uphold the Ad Hoc Committee's finding of just cause for dismissathe Dean shall recommend

APPENDIX IV

INSTITUTIONAL POLICY ON F ACULTY SABBATICAL LEAVE

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Institutional Policy on Faculty Sabbatical Leave

I. Purpose

The purpose of the sabbatical leave is to proxide pportunity for faculty members to engage in scholarly, creative, professional, researchothrer academic activities that will enhance the

b. Paid leaves of absence incexs of twelve (12) consecute weeks (e.g., sick leave, long-term disability leave)do not count as qualifying se

VII. Report of Work Accomplished

Within three months of the conclusion of the sabbatical leave, the recipient must submit a report of the work accomplished to the department chand, a copy submitted to the Dean. The report should succinctly summarize pertint activities during the leavend indicate how the leave has enriched the individual's professial stature as it relates to depart and institutional goals.

APPENDIX V

PROCEDURE TO BE USED WHEN A FACULTY MEMBER HAS AN UNRESOLVED GRIEVANCE

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Procedure to be used when a FacultMember has an Unresolved Grievance

Introduction

The bylaws describe the initial process toulsed when a faculty member has an unresolved grievance which cannot be settled the level of the department chairperson. In order to begin the process that eventually lesated a formal grievance hearingefore a group of faculty peers, the faculty member must first file letter of intentwith a copy to the dean, informing the chair of his or her intention to initiate the grievaen process. The letter of intent must state the problem at issue, the error believed to have occluared efforts made to resolve the conflict. To be timely, the letter of intent must be filed no later than thirty (30) calendar days from the date the action alleged to be an institutional enwars communicated to the grievant. The faculty member is first to present the issue in invegit to the chairpersonand to have a personal discussion with him/her. If the issue remains resolved after this stage, the faculty member may take the issue to the dean. If the grievaeinvolves a serious personal difference with the chairperson, the faculty member may take the ternalized to the dean. A Chairperson shall initiate the process by discussing it with the answer and the executiv

grievance process for changes in such admatise duties; however, alonges in their faculty appointments are covered by this policy.

Hearing Procedure

Within one week of announcement by the dean containsuity member that the grievance is to be handled formally, the faculty member shall presentarmal written statement of the grievance to the dean which states the particular concerns the evidence on which the concerns are based. The formal statement of grievance shall specifically te the problem assue, the error believed to have occurred, the reasons begine in evidence on the faculty member claims to be entitled. The written statement shall contain any factual or other data the faculty member deems pertinent to his or her case. All furthecoussions in the grievance process will relate to this statement. Amendments to this statement may only be made with the permission of a simple majority of the grievance hearing committee.

In preparing the statement of grievance, the ligamember may find it useful to consult such sources as the follow:

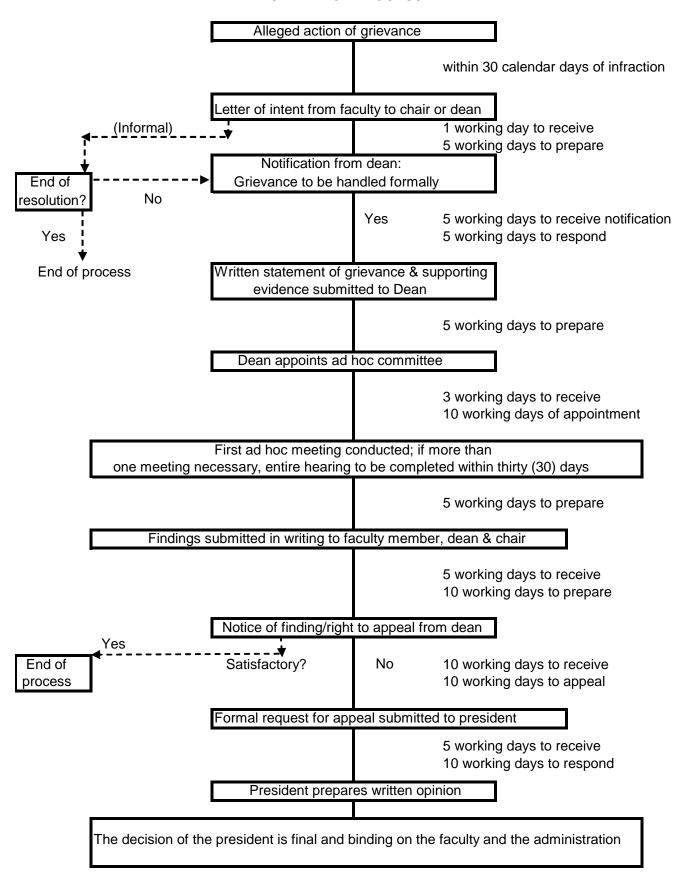
Findings, Recommendations and Decision

At the conclusion of the hearing, the ad hoc imagacommittee shall deliberate privately to reach its findings. As promptly as is consistenithwdue deliberation, and monally within five (5) working days, the ad hoc hearing committee struthmit its findings in writing to the dean with a copy to the faculty member and the departmental reperson. The findings of fact and the decision shall be based solely encidence in the hearing recommend shall be directed to the grounds for grievance as defined in the documental fine findings shall summarize the evidence.

Within two weeks of the receipt of the written report of the findings of fact by the ad hoc hearing committee, the dean shall issue a written report for faculty member with copies to the chairperson of the department of the president.

If the faculty member regards the decision of the hoc hearing committee as unsatisfactory the faculty member may present a written appeathte president with acopy to the dean. The president shall within two weeks of the receipt the written appeal render a final written decision to the faculty member with copiesthor dean and the department chairperson. The decision rendered by the president will be figured binding. The adhorocaring committee shall be fact finding and its findings shall be advisorly and shall not be binding on the parties or the President. However, if the president deciders justed all or part of the findings of the adhoc committee, the president shall state in writing, at optahis or her decision, reasons for rejecting all or part of the findings and for rendering a diffict decision. The president's decision shall be made known in writing to the Board of Treets with notification to the faculty member, department chairperson, and the chairperson of the adhoc hearing committee.

GRIEVANCE PROCESS



APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Policy Statement on FacultyIndustry Research Relations

Introduction

Universities and Health Science Center having beings have successful compative relationships with industry which have been mutually beneficiand which have been helpful to the general society. These relationships have fostered there are in knowledge, and the economically protive application of technology.

Morehouse School of Medicine believes that hats much to contribute to and gain from appropriate relationships with paixe enterprise and that the stationships can be developed in a manner which preserves the School's importance and research principles and traditions.

In order to clarify such princips and traditions, the School weight clearly state the policies which the faculty have determined should goviene School's relationships with industry.

The purpose of this statement poolicies by the School is to foest those health and creative partnerships with the free enterprise sectorsociety which contributes new knowledge while maintaining the integrity of the Sool, its faculty ad its students.

Statement of Policies

Nature of the Research Affiliation

Other academic institutions have experienced situations where it would be useful to have an investigator conduct a given resetarprogram for a sponsor and, time absence of lear policy, have had to deal with pressures felt by investigs to conduct such research. The Task Force has felt it important to articulate a policy which ill workserve the right of investigators to select the research in which they will be involved.

Policy No. 1

The Morehouse School of Medicinsteall not require a intropolation investigator to participate in a particular research program as a condition of employment.

It is important for there to be close and principal investigators during all phases refsearch and sponsors must, cofurse, have the privilege to define the nature of the projecteth intend to support. Principal vestigators expect to be able to design, modify and control these arch which they will direct.

Policy No. 2

Whereas a sponsor must have the privilege ton define subject of research wishes to fund, the Principal Investigator must have final authorityer the design and control of that research.

Universities which have established legally feetending research institutes in cooperation with sponsors wherein falture may serve as staff have advised tyledical School teexpress a policy which preserves the academic freedom of such faculty.

Policy No. 3

Before the Medical School decides enter into an agreement practicipate in a free standing research unit, the dean shall present the Research Developm of the mount of the standing whether there is risk of restriction to acade freedom of faculty which is unacceptable.

Policy No. 4

In cases where a given sponsor may wish to restrict an investigator's freedom to conduct similar

organization which requires fiquent and/or prolonged absenfrom the Medical School may present a conflict of interest.

Examples of situations which may create a contil interest or commitment include ownership by a faculty member or his/hemmediate family (spouse and minolnildren) of a significant interest in an outside concern management responsibilities.

Policy No. 10

Faculty members shall avoid entering into relationship hich constitute a conflict of interest or

APPENDIX VII

PATENT POLICY

Confidentiality Agreement and Invention Disclosure Forms

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Patent Policy

<u>PURPOSE</u>

To establish Morehouse School of Medicine (MSM)iopofor patenting any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matteratory new and useful improvement thereon made by

<u>POLICY</u>

A. Requirements:

1.

- y Complete Invention Disclosure form and return to ORD.
- y ORD will forward the Invention Disclosure form to the Intellectual Property Committee for review. The review process takes 30 days.
- y If the committee does not have proper representation for your research an ad hoc MSM employee will be brought in for the review.
- y Once the committee reviews the form, the make a decision as to whether the disclosure should be sent forth to the President based on its potential or returned to the faculty with reviewer's comments.
- y Requester will be notified of the decision.
- 2. Disclosures should be made as early as possible in the development of an invention.
- 3. When any question exists as to whether invention is covered by this policy, the invention must be disclosed through the usual disclosure mechanism described above, with a request for a determination of whether the invention is covered. In cases where an inventor setelestablish that an invention is not covered by this policy, the burden proof shall be with the inventor.
- 4. An Invention Disclosure Form mulse submitted prior to any negotiations by any inventor with outside companies with regard to further support or licensing of the invention. Disclosure shall be matchen if the inventor seeks additional support to complete the invention or dotter into a collaborative arrangement to complete the invention. This is impertation order to ensure confidentiality of the potential invention.
- 5. A <u>Confidentiality Agreement</u> (Exhibit II) must be completed and submitted to the Office for Research Development whether applicant/inventor needs their invention evaluated for commercial puspers or to gather expertise about the proposed invention from an external pert. The confidentiality agreement protects the rights of the inventor.

B. Patent Protocol

- 1. Once the inventiordisclosure has been made to the Office Research Development, the Officeor Research Development shall promptly submit the disclosure to the Intellectual Property Committee for review. When a disclosure containing sufficient technical information to permit an effective patent study has been made, the Office for Researchvelepment shall notify the inventor in writing, within 30calendardays for a provisional patent and 60 calendar days for full patents, of MSM's intentions with regard to the invention.
- 2. Options Available to the Institution
 - 2.1 MSM may, after consultation with the inventor:
 - a. undertake the timely filing of patent prosecution, development, and marketing of the invention and salh bear all related costs. Any income to be distributed shall be grainsome received, less

- I) Invention Disclosure Form
- II) Confidentiality Agreement

Exhibit I

MSM ID No. ___-

CONFIDENTIAL

MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

INVENTION DISCLOSURE

Please provide as much information as possible on this form. Attempt to answer all of the questions and be as accurate as you can be, providing as much information as you can to answer the question. If you need more space, use separate pages and attach ttheir form. Please feel free to use photocopies of lab notebooks (showing dates), data sheets, drawing other rough document(s). If you have questions, please contact the MSM Office Research Development at 404-752-1050.

Title of Invention						
_						
O leave time to a telephone		ah asil dha a adda a a a d				
2. Investigator to whom o	communications	should be addressed.				
Name:						
Address:						
Phone #: Fax	<u> </u>	E-mail:				
Date:						

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- 3. Describe the characteristics/specifications of the invention
 - a. Please give a complete technical descriptionthe invention and its advantages over what was known previously. If necessary, use drawings, diagrams, pathways, etc.
 - b. What is the technology that presently existstie area of this invention? What are the advantages of this technology over existing inventions and practices?
 - c. What need does this invention meet and is that need presently being met?

d.	What additional embodiments, valtions, or applications can you reasonably envision for this invention?

Signature	 	 	
Address	 _		

- 13. Please list other researchers or organizations of hom/which you are aware might be doing similar work. Cite published references where possible.
- 14. Provide references to reviews, publications and other literature or public disclosures of this work or any related work of which you are aware.
- 15. Who would use this product and how would it be used?
- 16. Please name any competitive products and **ma**facturers of which you are aware, even though their products are not as good as you invention.
- 17. List names, addresses, and phone numbers of porations or individuals you would like to have contacted and who might be interested in licensing this technology.
- 18. What are your personal goals regarding the development and

	, 20 (the "Effective 🗗); "Corporation Name" and Morehouse f Medicine agree as follows:
1.	Confidential Information means: (a) any information in written or tangible form of

Title:		Title:
Date:		Date:
List	t of Definitions	
	CORPORATION NAME	CORPORATION NAME, TYPE: PROFIT OR NON PROFIT, ADDRESS
	MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE	A private, non-profit academic instition, 720 WestviewDrive, S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30310
	EVALUATION PERIOD	Evaluation Period means the periexpiring on the date six months after the date "Corporation Nae" receives the Confidential Information from Morehouse School of Medicine.
	CONFIDENTIAL NFORMATION	Confidential Information pertainsto <u>Inventions disclosed</u> to (<u>CORPORATION NAME</u>) from time to time after the Effective Date of This Agreement by the discing party and identifies with particularity at time of disclosure.

APPENDIX VIII

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY: COPYRIGHTS AND ROYALTIES MATERIAL TRANSFER AGREEMENT

APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to all faculty, staff, post**dor**al fellows, residents, students and any other person employed by the School.

DEFINITIONS

- 1. The following terms are important for purposes of expressing the School's policy on Intellectual Property: Opyrights and Royalties.
 - a. "Creator": Individual or group of individuals who trasforms ideas into a tangible form of expression theoretical Copyrightable Material.
 - b. "Copyrightable Material": Material that is subjecto U.S. copyright laws, including, but not limited to, literary whos, musical works, dramatic works, choreographic works, graphic works, hotographic works, cardiographic, radiographic and pictorial works (e.g., -rays, images), sculptural works, audiovisual and videotaped works, souredordings, films, theses, and works in electronic media (e.g., digitized works network transmission of digitized works, multimedia broadcast, web-based products, recorded materials, remote transmission of information, structional software, CD-ROMs).
 - c. "<u>Derivative Works</u>": Copyrightable Material based on or derived frome or more already existing copyrighted works Derivative Works include, but are not limited to, new versins, translations, dramzations, fictionalizations, reproductions, compilations, revisions and condensations.
 - d. "Instructional Materials": A type of "Institutional Work," including textbooks and study guides, used for the rirction of MSM students, residents and/or postdoctoral fellows.
 - e. "Institutional Resources": Tangible resources provided by the Institution to a Creator, including funds, office spaceable space, equipment, electronic network resources (hardware and software), supplopersonnel, secretarial support, research, teaching and lab salasts, assistance from medical and graduate students or residents, medipecialists or illustrators, supplies, utilities. Funds include grants and comotts or awards made to the Institution by an extramural sponsor.
 - f. "Institutional Works": Copyrightable Material crated (1) specifically or predominantly for use by or at MSM, or (2) at the request obednalf of MSM, or (3) under the specific directi of MSM, or (4) by a person acting within the scope of his or her enorment at MSM, or (5) under a written contract between the Creator and MSM (6) under a contract between MSM

- and an external agency. "Traditional Works of Scholarship" will not be considered "Institutional Works" the purposes of this policy.
- g. "Other Intellectual Property": Any Copyrightable Material other than Traditional Works of Scholarship, Institutional Works, and Instructional Materials.
- h. "Traditional Works of Scholarship": Copyrightable Mærial reflecting research and/or creativity which iensidered evidence of accomplishment in the Creator's academic discipline orofæssional field, and is specifically created for predominate use by persons or entities other than MSM and/or its students. Such works include, barte not limited to, books, book chapters, journal articles, abstracts, student the stepsys, poems, pictizal and sculptural works, films, cassettes, musical goodsitions and other literary works.

POLICY

1. Copyright Ownership

The terms of a sponsored research or oalgoeement may determinate ownership of all copyrightable material that paerson creates in the course or pursuant to such an agreement. If the agreement does not accounterms relating to the ownership of copyrightable material, the following provisions this policy will govern ownership of the material.

- a. Only a commissioned project shall be a "womade for hire", and accordingly, the School shall own all copyrightable texaial which a person creates as a commissioned project. If a questionises as to whether a person created copyrightable material pursuant to a constrioned project, the Intellectual Property Committee, after investigation into the appropriate facts shall formulate a recommendation for consideration by the spident. In cases of a commissioned project, the Creator of the opyrightable materials shall execute an assignment of rights to the School in any copyrights registration that may be obtained.
- b. The Creator of all other copyrightableaterial not governed by the preceding paragraphs shall own such material with standing any empl

- b. The Creator shall promptly file a copyrightsclosure form (Exhibit A) with the Office for Research Development for any (i) had Research, (ii) Instructional Materials and (iii) OtherIntellectual Property createwith the use of School resources.
- c. The School may release its ownership rightshe Creator when, as determined by the Intellectual Property Committee and Legal (i) there are no overriding special

- 50% to the Office of the Dean; with shall be distributed at the discretion of the Dean to sport research and teaching infrastructure; and 50% to the Office for Research Development to help defray the cost of administrating Intellectual Property-related activities.
- ii. 90% of the accumulated gross royastiand/or milestones to the Creators.
- b. In determining net revenue, the Schoolsbleduct from gross royalty milestones or other revenue, documented expenses sas production costs, subventions, and litigation which may be curred in enforcing or dending the copyright or in the licensing of the copyrightable material.
- c. The School will credit to the Creatoprior to income distribution, any documented non-reimbursed expenses rinectuin the course of developing the copyrighted material.

1.03 "EFFECTIVE DATE" shall mean the date this Agreent is last executed by a signatory hereto.

ARTICLE II - SUPPLY OF MATERIALS AND OBLIGATIONS OF INSTITUTION

- 2.01 Supply of Materials. Upon execution of thas reasonable quantity of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS, which shall be delivered to COMPANY/INSTITUTION according to federal and/or state shipping guidelines as prescribed for such BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS.
- 2.02 Obligations of COMPANY/INSTITUTION. COMPANY/INSTITUTION agrees that its use of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS shall be subject the following terms and conditions:
 - a. Safety. COMPANY/INSTITUTION agrees to use the BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS in a safe manner and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including National Institutes of Health (NIH) guidelines. BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS shall not be used in humans in any way, inchapter purposes of diagnostic testing.
 - b. Storage. Upon COMPANY/INSTITUTION'S receipt of supply of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS as provided for in pagraph 2.01 hereinabove, BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS shall be stored under DENTE PROPER CONDITIONS until use by COMPANY/INSTITUTION.
 - c. Integrity of Materials. COMPANY/INSTITUION agrees not to analyze, or have analyzed the composition or formulation of the BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS received hereunder.
 - d. COMPANY/INSTITUTION Use. BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS shall be used only at COMPANY/INSTITUTION's facilities for the research purposes described in Attachment A, hereby attached and madet post this Agreement. No option or commercial license is implied or granted to COMPANY/INSTITUTION herein.
 - e. No Transfer. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall not transfer or provide BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS or KNOW-HOW or any portion thereof to any other organization or individual without the prior written consent of Morehouse School Of Medicine. Furthermore, COMPANY/INSTITUTION acknowledges that the BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS and KNOW-HOW are the value and proprietary properties of Morehouse School Of Medicine; COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall to the best of its ability utilize the BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS and KNOW-HOW in a manner that serves to protect the Morehouse School Of Medicine's proprietary interests.
 - f. Confidentiality. COMPANY/INSTITUTION ages to maintain the confidentiality of any KNOW-HOW transferred to COMPANY/INSTITUTION with BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS.
 - g. Publications. COMPANY/INSTITUTION arges to notify Morehouse School Of Medicine of any presentation or publication that results from use of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall state in the presentation or publication that BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS were supplied by NAME OF FACULTY

ARTICLE III - CONSIDERATION

3.01 Transfer Fee. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall pay the packing and shipping costs associated with the transfer of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS to COMPANY/INSTITUTION from Morehouse School Of Medicine, not to exceed hundred dollars (\$10 without the prior written consent of COMPANY/INSTITUTION.

ARTICLE IV - TERMINATION

- 4.01 Expiration. This Agreement, unless sooner termendrates provided herein, shall remain in effect for a period of five (5) years from the EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 4.02 Termination by COMPANY/INSTITITION. COMPANY/INSTITUTION may terminate this Agreement at any time by providing written notice to Morehouse School Of Medicine at least sixty (60) days before therteination is to take effect.
- 4.03 Termination by Morehouse School Of Medici Should COMPANY/INSTITUTION materially breach this Agreement, Morehouse School Medicine may give COMPANY/INSTITUTION written notice of the breach. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of the notice to cure the breach. If COMPANYSTITUTION does not cure the breach within this period, Morehouse School Of Medicine may terminate this Agreement by giving written notice of its election to do so.
- 4.04 COMPANY/INSTITUTION's Financial Condition. If COMPANY/INSTITUTION: (a) ceases to carry on its business, (b) becomes "insolvent" sash term is defined in the United States Bankruptcy Code, as amended from titroetime), (c) fails to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business under conditions indicating insolvence, (d) voluntarily seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the benefits of any bankruptcyinorilar debtor-relief laws, then Morehouse School Of Medicine may terminate this Agreement without prejudice to any other remedy to which COMPANY/INSTITUTION may be entitled at lawor in equity or elsewhere under this Agreement, by giving written notice termination to COMPANY/INSTITUTION.
- Disposal of Biological Materials. Should is hAgreement expire or be terminated under paragraphs 4.01, 4.02, 4.03 4.04 above, COMPANY/INSTITUTION agrees to immediately discontinue its use of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS and destroy or return, at Morehouse School Of Medicine's request, all quantities of BIOGICAL MATERIALS and derivatives there from in COMPANY/INSTITUTION'S possession.
- 4.06 Other Matters Surviving Termination. All accduebligations and claims, including claims or causes of action for breach of this Agreementalls survive termination of this Agreement. Obligations of confidentiality shall survive terminan of this Agreement. This section controls in the case of a conflict with another section of this Agreement.

ARTICLE V - LIABILITY AND REPRESENTATIONS

Infringement Indemnification. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall at all times during the term of this Agreement and thereafter, indemnifile fend and hold harmless, Morehouse School Of Medicine, its regents, officers, employees, affidiates, against any claim, proceeding, demand, liability, or expense (including the expenses and reasonable attorness) which relates to any action brought by a third party alleging infringementa domestic or foreign patent or trademark as a result of the activities of COMPANY/INSTITUTION hereunder.

- Liability Indemnification. COMPANY/INSTITUTION shall at all times during the term of this Agreement and thereafter, indemnify, defend a lold harmless Morehou sehool Of Medicine, its regents, officers, employees, and affiliates inset any claim, proceeding, demand, liability, or expenses (including legal expenses and reasonable attorney's fees) which relates to injury to persons or property against any other claim, proceeding demand, expensed liability of any kind whatsoever resulting from the use of BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS by COMPANY/INSTITUTION, or arising from any obligation of COMPANY/INSTITUTION hereunder.
- 5.03 In no event shall either party be liable to the **offoe** exemplary, incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages of any kind, including how limitation, loss of profit, savings or revenue, whether or not such party has beersedvor the possibility of uch damages, however caused, and on any theory of liability arising out of this Agreement.
- 5.04 Representation. Morehouse School Of Medicieneresents that it owns and has title to the BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS and KNOW-HOW, and that there are no outstanding agreements, assignments, or encumbrances inconsisterith the provisions of this Agreement. MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE MAKES NO OTHER REPRESENTATIONS AND EXTENDS NO OTHER WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR **LIMITED** INCLUDING BUT IMPLIED. NOT TO WARRANTIES MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NOR DOES MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE ASSUME ANY OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO INFRINGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OR OTHER RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES DUE TO COMPANY/INSTITUTION'S ACTIVITIES UNDER THIS AGREEMENT.
- 5.05 Nature of the Materials. All BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS provided hereunder should be considered experimental imature and should be handled COMPANY/INSTITUTION with

Morehouse School Of Medicine 720 Westview Drive, SW Atlanta, GA 30310-1495

b. If to COMPANY/INSTITUTION:

NAME

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties haveaused this Agreement to become effective as of the date last execultientous by a signatory to this Agreement.

MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, INC.	COMPANY/ INSTITUTION
Sandra Harris-Hooker, Ph.D. Associate Dean for Research Development Date:	NAME TITLE Date:
(Provider) Scientist	COMPANY/INSTITUTION (Recipient) Scientist
Date:	Date:

ATTACHMENT A

The DEFINITION OF MATERALS provided by Morehous School Of Medicine, will be utilized for DETAILS OFUSAGE GIVEN BY INVESTIGATOR.

APPENDIX IX

INVOLVEMENT OF FACULTY IN NEW POLICIES

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Involvement of the Faculty in New Policies

Introduction

It is important for the faulty to have input introve generation of new policies that are adopted by the Academic Policy Council (APC). The **litus**tion has grown to a stage where a formal process is appropriate.

The purpose of this document is to set forthpthrecedures to implement such a formal process that notifies faculty in advance of proposals frew policies that are with the jurisdiction of the APC, and that provides sufficient time faculty to comment on the proposals.

Procedure

When a new policy that is within the jurisdiction the APC is to be presented for adoption to the Academic Policy Council, is hall be delivered to all members and staff in the form of a proposal at least 20

APPENDIX X

POLICY FOR INTEGRITY AND THE RESP ONSIBLE CONDUCT OF SCHOLARSHIP
AND RESEARCH: GUIDELINES TO ENCOURAGE RESPONSIBLE RESEARCH
PRACTICES

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Policy for Integrity and the Responsible Conduct of Scholarshi and Research: Guidelines to Encourage Responsible Research Practices.

Introduction

The community of scientists is bound by a set/adfues, traditions, and standards that embody honesty, integrity, objectivity, and the giality. The diversity, fleibility, and creativity of the research community are strengths that have the traditional to decades of scientific achievement and progress in the United States.

For centuries scientists have relied on each othrethe self-correcting exchanisms intrinsic to the nature of science and on the traditions of their community to safeguard the integrity of the research process. Recent and dramatic insertion the size and influence of the research enterprise, and in the amounts dapatterns of funding, have led to changing social expectations about the accountability of scientists and the ititions for research supported by public funds. In addition, the changing nature of collaborative efforts, the quickening pace and increasing he r Tw [(h)]Tl8(atic thei25m 0 T.ity ndeavo0t ofv1Ddin1rr T98 0 TD .0046 Tc .0856 Tw [owningven reulsts have(he r 6(b)5.8lined toexpacrbtate strns)(s)0(ehs th)5a,

Actions that violate traditional values **the** research enterprise and that may be detrimental to the research process.

These do not directly damage the integrity the research process, however, they can erode confidence in the integrity of the reason process, violate traditions associated with science, affect scientific conclusis, waste time and resources, and weaken the education of new scientists.

Questionable research practices include:

Failing to retain significant rearch data for a reasonable period

Maintaining inadequate research records

Conferring authorship for acontribution that is not significantly related to the research reported in the paper

Refusing to give peers reasonable unique material or data

Using inappropriate statistical analysis to enhance the significance of research findings

Inadequately supervisignresearch subordinates

3. Other Misconduct

These practices include beyingar which is clearly notunique to the conduct of science, i.e. sexual and other forms of also ament of individuals, misuse of funds, vandalism, including tampering with resetarexperiments or instrumentation, and violations of government research regulations, such as those dealing with radioactive materials, recombinant DNA research, and the use of human or animal subjects.

Recommendations

As science becomes more closely linked to emblocand political objectives, the processes by which scientists formulate and adhere to responsible research practices will be the subject of increasing public scrutiny. Scients and research institutions thrused to clarify and strengthen the methods by which they foster responsible areas practices. Ensuring the integrity of the

research process requires that scientists and research institutions give systematic attention to the fundamental values, principles, datraditions that foster responsible research conduct. All who participate in the research enterprise share responsibilities for the integrity of the research process. The following recommendations are aimed at streenging the research enterprise, as well as clarifying the nature of the reensibilities of scientists, research institutions, and government agencies in this area.

- 1. Scientists in cooperation with officials refsearch institutions should accept formal responsibility for ensuring the integrity of thresearch process. They should foster an environment, a reward system (i.e.ewhassessing promoti), and a training process that encouragespressible research practices.
- Sabbatical programs that foster faculty at not be integrational to the integrity of the resear of the resear of the integration of the current Sabbatical program.
- 3. Adoption of formal guidelines for theoreduct of research. This should include a common framework of definitions, distinguishing among misconduct in science, questionable research practices, and other forms of misconduct.
- 4. Policies and procedures should be fo**arted** to address other misconduct that may occur in the research environment s**as**/theft, harassment, or vandalism.

B. <u>Current Policies and ProceduætsMorehouse Smool of Medicine</u>

The Public Health Service inhemented regulations (effectival anuary 1, 1990) stating that any institution that applies foor receives assistance under the blic Health Service Act, for any project or program which involves conduct of biomedical or behavioral research, is required to complete and submitheo Office of Research Integrity (ORI) an

Concerns about misconduct in science havised questions about the roles of research investigators and of institutions maintaining and providing access to

The reviewer has the responsibility for preserving integrity of the review process. In reviewing a manuscript or a agnt proposal, she or he isentrusted with privileged information that is unavailable to anyonometric of the laboratory of the submitting scientists. It is of obvious importance foretheviewer not to make use of information gained in the review for her or his own purposes it is published prior to that, only by consent of the author.

Recommendation on Commention & Publication

Authorship of original researcheports is an important indicatof accomplishment, priority, and prestige within the scientific community. **Attorship practices are guided by disciplinary traditions, customary practices within researchups, and professionahd journal standards and policies. A general rule is that an authorship ave participated sufficiently in the work to take responsibility for its content and vouch **test validity. Credit for authorship should be contingent on substantial participation in one **morre* of the following categories: 1) conception and design of the experiment, 2) execution **ef* elyperiment* and colleion and storage of the supporting data, 3) analysis and interpretation the primary data, and 4) preparation and revision of the manuscript.

D. Correction of Errors

At some level, all scientificreports, even those thatark profound advances, contain errors of fact or interpretation. In part, such errors reflection certainties intrinsic to the research process itself--a hypothesis is forated, an experimental test is devised and based on the interpretation of ethesults, the hypothesis is in med, revised, or discarded. Errors are an integral aspect of press in attaining cientific knowledge.

Science is self correcting, and errors whether est or products of misconduct, will be exposed in future experiments. Scientifichtrist founded on the principal that results must be verifiable and reproducible. Publication a scientific report provides an opportunity for the community at large to critique and liduo the substance of report, and serves as one stage at which errors and misint expirents can be detected and corrected. The research endeavor can therefore be viewed two-tiered processist, hypotheses are

formulated, tested, and modified; second, resaults conclusions are re-evaluated in the course of additional study.

Recommendation on Correction of Errors

In accordance with established principles of science,

personal example, thus can reinforce, weaken the power of disciplinary standards and scientific norms to affect research practices.

To the extent that the behavior senior-scietists conforms with greeral expectations for appropriate scientific and displinary practices, the research system is coherent and mutually reinforcing. Thus, personal exampled the perceived behavior of role models and leaders in the research community benpowerful stimuli in shaping the research practices of colleagues sociates, and students.

Recently, the demands of obtaining sufficientsources to maintain a laboratory in the contemporary research environment often satipafaculty from their trainees. When laboratory heads fail to participate in theorety workings of the laboratory, their inattention may harm their trainees education. In addition, arise when faculty members are not directly rewarded for the inattention or training skills. When institutional policies fail to recognize a reward the value of good teaching and mentorship, the pressures to maintain stable funding for research teams in a competitive environment can overwhelm the time allocated to teaching and mentorship by an investigator.

Research supervisors must devote attention maintaining an atmosphere of open communication and cooperation in their restagroups, with opportunity for appropriate participation by and recognition of all pastie Considering huma relationships and interactions is an important pasct of good research practice.

Recommendation on Research Triag, Supervision and Mentorship

Research mentors, laboratory extitors, department heads, and senior faculty are responsible for defining, explaining, exemplifying and requiring adherence to be value systems of their institutions. A mentor is diened as that person directly esponsible for the professional development of a research traie. Professional delopment includes bottechnical training and socialization in basic research ci.e. authorship apostices and sharing of research data). The mentor has the responsibility stopervise the trainee's progress closely and to

APPENDIX XI

ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT AND PROMOT ION PROCESS AND POLICIES AS APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Academic Appointment and Promotion Processand Policies as Approved by the Board of Trustees

ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT & PROM OTION PROCESS & POLICIES INSERT HANDBOOK

APPENDIX XII

POLICY FOR THE TRANSFER OF GRANTS/EQUIPMENT

APPENDIX TO FACULTY BYLAWS

Policy for the Transfer of Grants/Equipment

<u>Purpose</u>

To define the policy and procedure for transfeexofframural research grants or contract support and research equipment when a faculty it it is terminates employment at Morehouse School of Medicine (MSM) and assumes ployment at another institution.

Scope and Responsibility

This policy applies to all inveligators who receive grant/contractipport in the name of MSM. The dean will be responsible for implementation policy and for ensuring compliance of it. Requests related to this policy must be proved and recommended to the dean by the department chair. Final decisions will be made by the dean.

Policy

Unless otherwise provided for in the terms of an award and agreed to by MSM in the acceptance of an award, all equipment purchased with a tocantract are the property of MSM. In the event that a faculty member termates employment with MSM to assume a position at another institution, transfer of an extramural researchant/contract and researchantpment to the new institution may be authorized under the following conditions:

- xThe faculty member is the principal/estigator of the grant/contract.
- xThe research project supported this grant/contract wilhot be continued at MSM under a new principal investigator.

)Tj 14.072904 Tcen/Rp5(noiptealoie)Tptligen7603]TLD125825 TcT2830T921cTpr8c9e(etuwe 4of@Tbehele:ams3digreatodd.p)T);//radhe376141fc

- x All MSM policies and procedures related **those** transfer process are followed and approved prior to transfer.
- x All financial obligations (including salary support for technians, collaborators and/or co-investigators) incurred at MSM under the grant/contract are fully satisfied.
- xThe investigator will coordinate the traesfand the new institution will assume full financial and physical responsitity for the transfer.
- x Equipment deemed common use should remarkin MSM. If some of the research activities will continue at MSM and other activities occur at a new site, then the use of this equipment at MSM may be negotial between the parties doing the work, supervised by the department chair(s) and dean.
- x Equipment purchased solely with institution funds and used solely by the investigator may be negotiated with the Associate Defan Research provided that it has been depreciated and is of noeuto another investigator.

Procedures

As soon as a faculty investigator has acceptateosition or knows that he/she will accept a position at another institution denthat a request to transfer a grant/contract and equipment will be made, the following procedured sould be initiated by the investigator:

Prior to Approval of Transfer

- 1. Consult with officials of the grant/contracting agency to determine if the requested transfer complies with agencyiques, and obtain copies of relevant agency documents to support this.
- 2. Obtain from the Business Office final crecords concerning the grant/contract and an inventory and documentation creming the funding source of purchase for the equipment to be requested for transfer.
- 3. Meet with the department chair **td**iscuss and obtain **itiral** departmental approval for the requested transfer.

- 4. Prepare a written request for the transa detailed inventory of the equipment requested for transfer, appdoof of funding source for transfer of the equipment requested for transfer. Obtain writtpermission from the granting agency for the requested transfer.
- 5. Submit the written requesit, cluding agency permission, to the department chair for approval and recommendation to the dean.

Following Approval of Transfer

- 1. Prepare and obtain approvotal all grant/contractagency and MSM documents and assurances required for the transfer.
- 2. Obtain approval from the departmentair, dean and other relevant MSM officials for the date and mesanof transfer of equipment.
- 3. Arrange for and personally oversee placeking, shipment, and payment for the transfer.

Relevant NIH Documents

References to and copies of relevant ageomorphisms will be included with the policy statement.

APPENDIX XIII

RELOCATION EXPENSES

MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE ACADEMIC AFFAIRS POLICY RELOCATION EXPENSES

PURPOSE

To enhance recruitment of exceptional candidates for full time faculty positions, department chairs may negotiate to help defray their relocation expenses.

SCOPE

The dean and senior vice president for **act** affairs is responsible for ensuring compliance with this policy. This policy applies academic department chairs and faculty.

POLICY:

MSM will reimburse relocation expenses fourli-time faculty only. Such persons must remain in the employ of the medical school for the duration of their initial faculty appointment (one to five years) to justifyet expense being made on their behalf. Should the employee resign prior to the completion of threar, reimbursement of elocation expenses will be required and paid prior to the stribution of the final paycheck.

PROCEDURES

1. <u>Eligibility</u>:

Reimbursements of relocation expensers full time faculty require the prior approval of the dean.

Types of Expenses Covered

- A. Cost of a moving company (withwest bid asslescribed below)
- B. Coach airfares for the empley and the dependent members of the family from the previous location to the Atlanta area (MSM) by the most direct route.
- C. Allowable travel expenses forerals, lodging, and integrated directly to

3. <u>Procedures for Reimbursement by MSM</u>

A. The employee will obtain and submit estimates from three certified moving companies and select the lower offered. If the relocation includes research or laboratory

APPENDIX XIV

TEACHER/LEARNER RELATIONSHIP

TEACHER/LEARNER RELATIONSHIPS

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is toprohibit mistreatment of stdents in the teacher-learner relationship, and define proteers for handling complaints violation of established policy.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Dean and Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs shall ensure compliance with this policy.

APPLICABILITY

This policy shall apply to all faculty and ustents, including residents, and fellows.

POLICY

- 1. It is the policy of MSM that individuals who serve in a teacher role or who participate, as a learner in any MSMprogram shall uphold the standards of behavior in the teacher-learner relationship as defined in this policy
- 2. The Morehouse School of Medicine (MSM)committed to maintaining a teaching and learning environment free of discrination of any kind, and all forms of coercion or other mistreatment that interest with academic freedom or diminish the dignity of any member of the MSM family students, postgraduatrainees, faculty and staff. It is expected that all means of the MSM family will embrace this standard of behavior, in order to sesan effective and supportive learning environment of mutual respect and equality among teachers and learners.
- 3. In the teacher-learner relationship, eachyphants certain legitimate expectations of the other. For example, the learner expect that the teacher will provide instruction, guidance, inspiration and leasther in learning. The teacher expects the learner to make an appropriate profession makes the second interesting the s

fellows, residents, and other staff. Exples of mistreatment or inappropriate behavior are:

- x physical threats or physicattack (e.g., hit, slap, lack)
- x sexual harassment
- x discrimination based on race, religion, ethinyi, sex, age, sexual orientation and physical disabilities
- x repeated episodes of psychological purmisht of a student by a particular superior (e.g. public humiliation, threatschintimidation, removator privileges)
- x grading used to punish a student eatth an for objective evaluation of performance
- x assigning tasks for punishment rathern for objective evaluation of performance
- x requiring the performance personal services
- x taking credit for another individual's work
- x intentional neglect or intentinal lack of communication

Such actions are contrary to the spirit of larning, violate the trust between teacher and learner, and will not be tolerated by MSM.

- 4. Definition—a complaint is a student's allegatioattthere has been an act or failure to act which violates theat1dards of behavior in theacher-learner relationship as defined in this policy.
- 5. The Dean shall appoint a neutral non-adistriative faculty member to act as Mediator, and receive compites of rnistreatment.
- 6. Claims of discrimination based on race, religion, ethnicity, sex, age, sexual orientation and physical disabilities will be handled in accordance with MSM Policy # 01-30-1-:10 prohibiting discrimination and discriminatory harassment
- 7. Disputes over grades not related to any claim of mistreatment will be handled in accordance with established academic policy guidelines.
- 8. Complaints that involve employees of **affilia**te hospital or other facility will be handled through this processed in coordination with respective facility.
- 9. Reporting of incidents involving mistreatment/library held ill the strictest confidence, and will be dealt with quickly and apppriately in accordance with established quidelines defined in the procedures outlined in this policy.
- 10. The Mediator will be the keeper of ecords regarding claims of student mistreatment.

- complaint may be presented by a singlekesperson or representative selected by the group.
- 3. If the parties are able to resolve tile computato the satisfaction of the accuser(s) the Mediator will provide documentation of thresolution to only parties involved within 7 (seven) working days. The Mediat tiles regarding all resolved claims shall remain with the Mediator.
- 4. When the Mediator is unsuccessful in resolving a claim, the accused and the accuser shall have the option of moving to Step II.

Step II

- 1. If the Mediator is unable to resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the accusers(s) or the accused in Step I, the accuser(s) controlled shall be extracted to file a written appeal, to the Conflict Resolution Council to the accuser. When the Council is unable to resolve a complaint, the council will file a report of findings with the Dean which mayor may not include recommendates for disciplinary actions.
- 2. The Dean may or may naccept the recommendation of the Council when determining the disposition of the complain the decision of the Dean will be final

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

MEDIATOR Mediatol iDeaan()Tj4.1125 0 TD -.0023 Tw nual (aolaicum)8.1(e)-.9(estunaishtled th

- x When faced with questions concerning thei**tatio**n's legal responsibilities, the Mediator must contact the Director of Risk Managem**teno**btain advice from the Institution's legal counsel.
- x For complaints involving employees from duer affiliate hospitals or facilities, the Mediator will attempt to coordinate efforts with the respective facility to resolve the complaint.

CONFLICT RESOLUTION COUNCIL: The purposes of the Council include the following: to ascertain the facts, to theteext feasible; to mediate between the parties and to strive for reconciliation. The Councilial assess the evidence as objectives possible, be fair in its deliberations, and protect the rightshe accused and the accuser.

A quorum of the Council will consist of five meterls, with at least one member from each representative group. The Mediator is not amber of the Council. The Council membership shall include appropriate gender 81ld minor type resentation. The Student Government Association (SGA) nominates sturder epresentatives, faculty representatives by the Dean's Council, and the resident representative by GIMEC. Nominations for Council members are submitted to the Dean, who appoints the Council pointments are staggered so that the Council always has experienced members. It given case the accused or accuser is not represented by groups on tile Coll 11cil, tileuncil may recruit additional members from appropriate groups (e.g. residentes lows, students, faculty, ett) help deal with the specific situation. Such recruitment is at the discretion the Council. There shalle two co-chairs of the Council. One co-chair is elected each year fithe student members the Council, and the otller co-chair from the faculty members.

COUNCIL PROCEDURES

- 1. The Council becomes involved in a given casely after the Mediator has made reasonable efforts to resolve the complaint.
- 2. When the Council hears a case, the Mediatorusær, and accused are present. The Council co-chairs are responsible for notifying theties concerning the time and place of the Council meeting.
- 3. The proceedings begin with the Mediatoespenting the case. The accuser and accused both have an opportunity to speak atocbring witness is to speak.
- 4. The order of speakers is as follows: a) theuser; b) witnesses for the accuser; c) the accused d) witnesses for the accused.
- 5. The accused has tile right to be present when the well-diator, tile accuser, or any witnesses are presenting statements. Similarly, the accuse tile aright to be present during statements by tile Mediator, the accused, or witnesses.
- 6. Witnesses will be present only when they alkedato give information. After speaking, they will be asked to leave, in order to protect tiberfidentiality of the paties involved. Both tile Page 145 of 183

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish procedures that will ensure compliance with the Occupational Safety and Heal4dministration's (OSHA) "Boodborne Pathogens Standard" in Part 1910.1030, Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

ACCOUNTABILITY

Under the Dean and Senior Vice President (Committee shall ensure compliance with this pol The Infection Control Manager and the Institutional Safety Officer shall over implementation of this policy.

APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to faculty, staff, studerated housestaff, and includes the following potentially Infectious Materials:

Human body fluids: blood, semeraginal secretions, cerebroissal fluid, synovial Fluid, pericardial fluid, pretoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, siava in dental procedures, any body fluid that is visibly contamated with blood, and all body fluis in situations where it is difficult or impossible to diffeentiate between body fluids.

Any unfixed tissue or organ (other than irttakin) from a human (living or dead).

HIV, HCV or HBV-containing cellor tissue cultures, organitures, and HIV, HCV or HBV-containing culture medium or other solutionary blood, organs, or other tissues from experimental animals infected with HIV, HCV IdBV. (Bloodborne pathogens as they relate to the use of animal blood may also be creveby policies pertaining to MSM Research.

DEFINITIONS

- 1. Bloodborne pathogen shall referpathogenic microorganisntsat are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. That segens shall include, but are not limited to hepatitis B virus (HBV)hepatitis C virus (HCV) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
- 2. Engineering Controls shall mean controls jobbby design, isolate or remove the bloodborne pathogen hazard from the workplace (e.g. sharpsodial containers, self-sheathing needles).
- 3. Occupational Exposure shall be used to refeets onably anticipated inadvertent skin, eye, mucous membrane, or Parenteral contab blood or other potentially infectious materials that may result from the reformance of an employee's duties.

5. Personal Protective Equipment

a. Each department or facility shall identify the specific procedures and/or tasks where personal protective equipment is required to prevent exposure to bloodborne pathogens. Spliccidescriptions of the personal protective equipment required for each task or perdure shall be includen the School's or Facility's Exposure Control Planfor example, employees who transport specimens from clinics or patient careax to laboratories may be required to wear gloves and laboratory coats. Theiquirement should be specified in the facility's plan.

Each department or facility shall be **pes**sible for providing personal protective equipment identified as essential to jobf**pen**ance at no cost to the employee. Personal protective equipment may included, not be limited to gloves, gowns, and face masks.

6. Housekeeping

- a. Each department or facility shall ensure that an appropriate written schedule for cleaning and decontaminating differentrivareas and surfaces, based upon the location within the facility, type of surfee to be cleaned, types of contamination present, and tasks or procedures beintopreed in the areas established and implemented in each of their units.
- b. Each department or facility shall ensure that all equipment and environmental and working surfaces are cleaned and and another appropriately after contact with blood or other potentials infectious materials.
- c. Each department or facility shall ensure that regulated waste is maintained, labeled, and disposed of in accordance with licable Federal, State, and Local regulations.

7. Hepatitis B Vaccination and Post-Exposure Evaluation

a. As required by the School Policy on HIMCV and HBV, all house staff, faculty and staff who have direct than contact, who perform or take part in exposure-prone procedures (as defining the School Policy on HIVHCV and HBV), or who have contact with potentially introus body fluids or laboratory materials must be immunized against hepatitis Boerable to demonstrate immunity. In accordance with the standard, the InterctControl Manager shall be responsible for establishing procedures such that temployees who have occupational exposure can obtain hepatitis B vaccinations ocost to them. The vaccination shall be made available after the employee has received training in accordance with this policy (see section 9 of the licy) and within 10 working days of assignment to duty, unless immunity has been established or the vaccine is contraindicated for medical reasons.

If an employee's duties do not requireed patient contact, performance of Page 151 of 183

exposure-prone procedures (as defined in the HIDV and HBV policy), or contact with potentially infectious body fluids or laboranty materials, and/or the employee declines the vaccination, he/she must sign a specifically worded declination form (Exhibit I)Each facility shall ensure that the nurse with overall responsibility for providing the hepatites vaccinations maintains a copy of the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen standand declination form.

- b. Confidential medical evaluation and tow-up shall be made immediately available to employees after exposure incident is reported.
- 8. Labels and Signs
 - a. Warning labels in accordance withet DSHA Bloodborne Pathogen standard

- vi. An explanation of the use and limitations of the different methods of control including, but not limited teangineering controls, work practice and personal protective equipment.
- vii. Information on the types, propercysocation, removal, handling and disposal of personal protective equipmend the basis for selection of the different types of equipment.
- viii. Information on the appropriate actions and procedures to follow if an exposure occurs.
- ix. Information on the hepatitis B vaccine including efficacy, safety, and that the vaccine will be free of charge.
- x. An explanation of the signs and beds required by the standard.
- xi. An opportunity for interactive questions and answers, and
- xii. Additional training for employee's HIV, HCV and HBV research laboratories, which is specific the practices and perations of the laboratory.

10. Record Keeping

- a. Each department or facility shall same that medical records for each employee/student with occupational expessure maintained for the duration of employment and 30 years thereafter. Each artment or facility shall ensure confidentiality of employeenedical records. The medical record shall include:
 - i. hepatitis B vaccination status; includ the dates of the vaccinations
 - ii. a copy of all results of the ptexposure medical evaluations
 - iii. copies of any information provided the physicians performing medical evaluations related to this top and the OSHA bloodborne pathogen standard.
- b. Training records shall be maximed by each department department care facility. The records shall include training deteontents of training, names and qualifications of instructors, and names and titles of the employees attending the training. These training cords shall be maintained a minimum of 3 years.

Exhibits

a. Hepatitis V Vaccine Declination Form

b.

By Direction of the President:	
Dean and Senior Vice-President for Academic Affairs	-

APPENDIX XVI

IMPAIRED FACULTY

IMPAIRED FACULTY

PURPOSE

To set Morehouse School of Medicine (MSM) p \mathfrak{plin} the event of impairment of faculty members and provide assistance

utilized in concert with existing resources other appropriate procedures, which may include disciplinary actionand leaves of absences.

A summary of this policy ant the assistance available through the FAC and other existing resources shall be incorporated in the utility handbooks, school

recommendations for improving the Facultysistance Program. The Committee chairperson is responsible for the parention and submission of the report.

The FAC shall have the following basic functions with respect to Impaired Faculty:

- assessment of allegations of impairment;
- presentation of concerts identified faculty;
- referrals for diagnos and treatment;
- monitoring of impaired faculty as **thin**ed in section 13F below, until final disposition;
- referral of faculty members who are **root**operative with the Committee process or are non-compliant with assessment, evaluation, or treatment to the Dean;
- at the request of the impaired facultivember, assessment, in coordination with the Office of Risk Management, of wither reasonable accommodations should be made that would allow the referificulty member to perform the essential functions of the job (where the appears to be no direlected to patient safety)
- It is the responsibility of the aculty member's immediate supresor and/or Department/Unit Head to immediately inform both Human Resourcesthed Office of the Dean of his/her knowledge of suspected or admitted immore that by the faculty member.
- After receipt of the notification the Dean must appoint one FAC faculty member to receive and act on reports of faculty impairment. One of the Committee members shall have expertise in mental health a substance abuse disorders.
- Where there is credible evidenceath incident may involve a viction of federal tate or local law, the Office of Risk Management will be consulted by the FAC (see below) to determine whether there is an affiliting duty to report that violation.
- Every reasonable effort will be made to preserve the confidentiality of all referred faculty members and of the individuals making referrals.
- All FAC work involving the above functions shalle identified by a case muber rather than the individual's name, except for the firstpreert, wherein a case number is assigned.

FAC Referral and Process for Impaired Faculty

- A. The FAC shall consider reports of behavior incidents that nay be indicative of impairment that occur both within as well as outside the School's premises.
- B. The FAC is responsible for the preliming assessment of the validity of reports and referrals made to it prior to presentits concerns to the faculty member. Further assessment may include referral of the faculty member for a clinical evaluation.
- C. Presentation of Concerns to Identified Faculty

Once the FAC has concluded that there his likelihood of impairment in a referred faculty member, two members of the Committee shall be selected to privately present the Committee's concerns to the faculty member appropriate, individuals possessing first-hand experience with the faculty member behavior or at us shall be asked to voluntarily take part in the presentation concerns to the faculty member. All members of the FAC who will perform interventions must have received specialized training in handling such presentations (interventioning), in accordance with standard intervention techniques tilized in mental healtand substance abuse disorders.

- D. Four possible outcomes of the initial presentation are:
 - i. The presenters conclude that, base didditional information given them by the referred faculty member, there are no grounds for believing that the faculty member is impaired an ointervention required.
 - ii. Further assessment and/or addital information is required.
 - iii. The faculty member is convinced **tofe** need for help and assents to cooperate in an appropriate treatment program; the presenters will begin the referral process for evaluation and treatment.
 - iv. The faculty member resists help. Thresenters shall report back to the FAC that shall refer the faculty member to the Dean. The Dean, after his/her own assessment available information, may

Monitoring of Impaired Faculty

When a faculty member is enrolled in a treatment program, the FAC may delegate the monitoring function to the treatment bgram, and, in that ent, shall receive regular reports on whetheret faculty member is coopering with the program.

When monitoring has been delegated the treatment program, the faculty member shall be required to sign a Release of Information form permitting the treatment provider to provide levant information to the Committee, i.e. whether faculty member is cooperating with theogram, drops out of treatment, relapses or shows other evidence of deterioration to the continuation of the evidence of deterioration fail or are ineffective, continued impairment. When attempts at rehabiliting fail or are ineffective, continued impairment of the Faculty Member may sufficient grounds for disciplinary action, including dismissal. Such disciplinife any, shall be taken in conjunction and in compliance with all applicable State and Federal laws.

The FAC shall determine in each case appropriate duration of monitoring. Monitoring by the Committee may need to be maintained in some cases for an indefinite period, or until the culty member leaves MSM.

EXHIBIT I

L/IIIDI1 1	
TO:[identify specific provider]	
AUTHORIZATION AND CONSEN T TO RECO	OPDS DELEASE
AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT TO RECO	DRDS RELEASE
I hereby authorize disclosure of anynda all inform	nation and related documents,
including, but not limited to, treatment, medicialcluding psyc	chological rad psychiatric) and/or
assessment records and reports, and corresponted eanel/or f	rom other treatment and medical
professionals, to the Morehouse School of MendioFaculty	Assistance Committee in care of
72 0 Westview Drive, S.WAtlanta,	Georgia 30314
A photocopy or facsimile copy of this autimation	is expresslyauthorized by the
undersigned, and your cooperation in furnishtmegrequested i	nformation is solicited.
This, 200	,
Signature of Faculty Member	Date
Type/Print Faculty Member's Name	
Typon Till I dodly Monibol o Hame	

Date

Witness

EXHIBIT II IMPAIRED FACULTY MEMBER'S CONS

APPENDIX XVII

EDUCATIONAL USE OF COPYRIGHTED WORKS

EDUCATIONAL USE OF COPYRIGHTED WORKS

I. PURPOSE

To establish policy for the use of copyrightworks of others by Morehouse School of Medicine (MSM) faculty, staff and students feducational and other academic purposes.

II. ACCOUNTABILITY

Under the direction of the President, theald and all Vice Presidents shall ensure compliance with this policy. The Dean and all Vice President for Academic Affairs shall implement this policy.

III. APPLICABILITY

- A. This policy applies to all MSMaculty, staff and students.
- B. This policy covers all copyrighted works of the state are incorporated in MSM documents, publications, courses and computer files.
- C. Use of copyrighted works under thislips include, but are to limited to: (1) reproduction of the work; (2) distribution of the work to others by sale, rental, lease or broadcasting; (3) performance of the wind the case of performing arts, audio and audiovisual work; and (4) displaying the coincided work, including audiovisual works by broadcasting and on Web sites. Written pies ion from the owner of the copyright is required in all these instances.

IV. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- A. MSM respects the legal rights the owners of copyright copyrighted works may be incorporated in MSM document publications and courses in compliance with copyright laws.
- B. MSM faculty, staff and students shall respthe legal rights of owners of copyrights. This includes the use of the mate of others in curses, publications, journals, research projectsideos, computer software ideotapes, conference presentations, etc.
- C. It is the policy of the MSM to adhere toethequirements of the nited States Copyright Law of 1976, as amended (Title 17, United State) ode, hereafter referred to as the "Copyright Act"). This policy applies only to copyrighten aterials. Uncopyrighted materials may therefore be copied with next riction. Works authored by the United

- any MSM faculty, staff or student; indiduials who violate opyright are not protected by MSM and may be subject tstitutional disciplinary actions, civil litigation and/or crimial prosecution. Files be loging to MSM or any MSM employee and containing copyrighted terial may be subject to subpoena.
- D. It is the policy of MSM tonvoke the doctrine of "Fair Use," as defined by Section 107 of the Copyright Act, in order to enablegal copying of copyrighted materials by faculty, staff and students without seekthe permission of a copyright holder and without the payment of royalthees to the copyright holder are used for educational purposes may not be automatically invoked ply on the basis of copying copyrighted material for educational purposes nor on that is of such copying being made by a non-profit organization. Each in of "Fair Use" must in the standard against four criteria:
 - 1. the purpose and character of the use;
 - 2. the nature of theopyrighted work;
 - 3. the amount and substantiality of the pointiused in relation to copyrighted work as a whole; and
 - 4. the effect of the use upon

or newspaper. "Systematic" copying of single ar

- a. The copying is for only oneourse in the school.
- b. Not more than one short article, storyessay or two excerpts is copied from the same author, nor more than three from the same collective work or periodical volume during one class semester.

The limitations in and babove shall not apply tourrent news periodicals, newspapers and current newstissers of other periodicals.

- c. There are not more than nine instances of such multiple copying for one course during one class semester.
- 6. Examples oprohibitions based on brevity and spontaneity are:
- copying used to create, replace or subtetifur anthologies, compilations or collective works, regardless of whethepies of various works or excerpts therefrom are accumulated or arproeduced and used separately;
- b. copying of or from works intended to be onsumable in the ourse of study or of teaching. These include workbooks, exercises, standardized tests, test booklets, answer sheets and itam consumable materials.

c. Copying:

- (1) to substitute for the purchase **buf**oks, publishers' reprints or periodicals;
- (2) that is directed by higher authority.g., a faculty meber directing his/her students topy an article);
- (3) which is repeated with respectthe same item by the same faculty member from semester to semester.
- (4) where costs and charges for copyarg charged to the student beyond the actual cost of the photocopying.
- B. Music and Audiovisual Usin the Face-to-Face Classroom:

 If copyrighted music or audiovisuals arædsin a face-to-faceonventional class, some utilization may be made under "Fair Use." No more than ten percent of a copyrighted work of music may be using the not repeated for the course in the next semester, unless permissions havenbobtained from the copyright holder. Under provisions of Section 110 of the pyright Act, a lawfully obtained copyrighted film or videocassette nobted "Home Use Only" may be aired in a face-to-face class, provided that such airing thin the scope of the educational intent of the course. No copy of suchlanfor videocassette may be made without first securing the permission the copyright holder.

- D. Copy-Center Copying @Copyrighted Material:

 MSM Department of Administrative ervices may legally provide faculty and staff with single or multipleopies of copyrighted haterials that meet the guidelines outlined in Section Valvove. The Department Administrative Services reserves the right to refusentake copies of materials when such copying, in its judgment, is not in copliance with the Copyright Act. MSM faculty, staff and students are also set that they, as individuals, remain responsible for compliance with the Copyright Act when they make use of

E. Copying for Broadcast

Copying of copyrighted materials for brokenst purposes, including broadcasts utilizing copyrighted printed works, videonusic or other recordings, whether for "live" video broadcasts oper-recorded video programps sents a special set of problems with regard to copyright complice. The MSM environment has at least four specific areas of broadcast activity withmust be consided: closed-circuit, interactive, distance-learning asses; closed-circuit medications ultations and peer conferences; educational offerings or coeffees which are broadcast to the external environment by satellite or other broadcaseans; and Web-based, distance-learning courses. In the case of closed-circuit broadscasts assumed that such broadcasts are not-for-profit and are aired from specific classroom, conference room or consultation room at a specific siteg MSM Campus). If programs containing copyrighted materials are ai

been obtained from the copyright herd(see Section V.B above). Under provisions of Section 110 of the pyright Act, a lawfully obtained copyrighted film or videocassette rlabeled "Home Use Only" may be aired to a closed-circuit, interactive, distantearning class, provided that such airing is within the scope of the educatibimaent of the course. No copy of a closed-circuit, live, interactive, distancearning class containing such a film or videocassette may be made without firecuring permission of the copyright holder.

e. In any closed-circuit, live, interactey distance-learning ass session which utilizes copyrighted material is the responsibity of the faculty member to assure that such utilization is lawful.

2. Closed-circuit, live, medical constations and peer conferences

a. Closed circuit, live, peer conferences medical constations may make use of print or graphic (but not music audiovisual) copis (one copy per conference attendee) of payrighted material. Each copy provided must bear the following opyright statement:

"This material may be protected by poyright law (Title 17, U.S. Code)."

- b. Assurance of copyright compliance is **thes**ponsibility of the moderator of such closed circuit, liveonsultations or conferences.
- c. If copies are to be made of sucheliconsultations and peer conferences which include copyrighted material, remaission must be obtained from the copyright holder.

3. Broadcasts to the external environment

Broadcasts to the external environent (non-MSM or non-MSM-related) which make use of satellite or otheroadcasting technologyay fall into two general categories: not-forquit educational and for-profit commercial (which might be educational).

a. In the case of all external-environment for-profit, live or for-profit, pre-recorded broadcastegardless of educational intent, all uses of copyrighted material must be accompend permission from the copyright holder or his/her/its royalty-and-personness agent. Additionally, if copies are to be made of such broadcastes mission to copy must be obtained.

broadcasts are for-profit and thus sadbjto permission and the payment of royalties. In any event, copies may be trade of such broadcasts without the permission of the copyright holder hos/her/its royalty-and-permissions agent.

c. In the case of all external-envirment, pre-recorded broadcasts, permission must be obtained for wsteall copyrighted material. A pre-recorded broadcast must includes and all copyrighted material and the statement of permission for thatterial. Additionally, copies may not be made of such broadcasts without phermission of the copyright holder or the royalty- and-permissions agent.

3. Web-based, distandearning courses

- a. All uses of copyrighted material mulse accompanied by permission from the copyright holder or the appropria oyalty-and-permissions agent. Copyright material may include printerabrks, videos, music or graphics. The document should includelist of all copyrighted material and the statement of permissions for that material.
- b. If the students involved in the Websterd, distance-learning courses are provided with copies of printed orapphic material, permission to copy must be obtained.
- c. Permission must be obtained for copy of the digitalized material and any distribution to others.
- d. Links may be made to other Web sites. However the material on other Web sites may not be copied without permission.
- e. If the course is given only once,tife copy meets the tests for brevity and cumulative effect, and if each copysha notice of copyright, then the material may be used without obtaining permission.
- G. Computer-Related Copying

Computer-r 3 -incg

- a. Copies (to paper or downloaded to disk) may legally be made of computerized files and their contempsovided that the program license does not forbid such copying. General computerized will carry an on-screen warning if copying is not permitted.
- b. Care must be exercised in the compyof material found in other home pages on the Internet. Some homeges may contain copyrighted materials but may neglect to informsitions to their Web sites or home pages of the presence of such compyriprotection material. It is the position of MSM that the persence of such copyrighted material is the responsibility of the owneof the Web site or homegage, and liabilities for copyright non-compliance must rest with that owner. MSM home pages and Web sites may not include pyrighted material unless permission has been granted by thopyright holder or the royalty-and-permissions agent.
- c. Legally obtained copies copyrighted materials may legally be scanned by use of telefacsimile equipment or by use of scanners attached to computers for purposes of transmissilonaterials thus copied must bear the following statement:

"This material may be protected by progright law (Title 17, U.S. Code)." Such materials may not be scanned storage in digital form unless permission to do so has been granted the copyright holder. If such permission has been granted, then seal and stored material must bear the following statement:

"This material may be protected byppyright law (Title 17, U.S. Code)."

- d. MSM faculty, staff and students maot incorporate copyrighted material into locally-created databases which are installed on MSM machines which are housed on MSM methorization and permission has been granted to do so by the copyright holder or the royalty-and-permission agent. Any permitted copyrighted material shall be identified as such a screen within a body of the program or as a footnote where such plays of copyrighted material normally occurs.
- H. Copyrighted Material Icorporated into ArticlesBooks, Courseware, Videos Faculty, staff and students shall carefullynsider the use of copyrighted material in all works prepared by them. This indles any copyrighted work of others incorporated in journal articles, bosokcourseware, software, video and conference material created for acaderesearch as well as educational purposes. Faculty and staff are required to permission and/or licenses from the copyright owner in order to repolace, publish, distribute or display the copyrighted work.
- I. Legal Advice Regarding Copyright Page 174 of 183

APPENDIX XVIII

LICENSURE POLICY

to performing any clinical dutseas required byheir discipline

Official correspondence and signatures of phlysician faculty members should reflect the medical degree conferred. (i.e., MD.O., MBBS, MBChB, etc.).

All centralized licensure information for MSM pracing physicians shall be maintained in the credentialing database of MMA. This information livide subject to review as required for the credentialing and verification processessociated with patient management.

Non-Physician Clinical Staff.

Non-physician clinical staff, including Pshologists, Social Workers, Physician Assistants, Nurse Practitioners, RN's, LVIR/N's, and registered/licensed dietitians, must comply with the appropriate General licensing agency for their respective disciplines, i.e. Georgia State Composite Board Medical Examiners, Georgia Board of Nursing, Georgia Board of Examiners of Licensed Dietitians.

Exceptions

Exceptions to this policy must be requestered justified by the appropriate Chair and reported to the Dean and Senior Vice Prestiden Academic Affairs. If approved, all exceptions must be corrected to the policy within 60 days.

There shall be no exceptions permitted **reignag** the licensure capuirements as spelled out in the Georgia code.

By direction of the President:	
Dean and Senior Vice President	Date
for Academic Affairs	